The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 6.—Third Year. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1887. No. 31

Why Freeze to Death When You Can Buy

HEAVY WINTER OVERCOATS,

Capes, Gloves, Mitts, Mufflers, &c.,

SO VERY CHEAP FOR CASH, AT

A. GILMORE'S, - - - Johnson Street.

A New Line of the Latest Style HARD HATS, just received, in Black and Brown.

$6 | PANTS! PANTS! PANTS! Made to Order for $6 | $6

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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

HOTELS—VICTORIA.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Established 1868. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day. T. J. BURNES.

THE CLARENCE,

FRANK G. RICHARDS, JR., Lessee,

Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. First-class in every respect. Prices moderate. sep5

ORIENTAL HOTEL,

WM. McKEON & SON, Prop's.

American plan. In the most desirable first-class hotel in the city. Terms moderate.

THE OCCIDENTAL,

JOSEPH BAYLEY, Propr.

The Home from Home, cor. Wharf and Johnson streets, Victoria, B. C. Fronting on the wharves of the California, Puget Sound and Fraser steamers, Canadian Pacific and E. & N. railways. Largest and most convenient Hotel in the city. Everything new. Table well supplied. Bar and Billiard Room attached. Fireproof building. Imported Edinburgh and Burton Ales always on draught. Rates—$1 to $1.50 per day, according to location of rooms. au16 ly

THE GORDON HOTEL,

ROBERT McDERMOTT, Propr.

Johnson St., bet. Store and Wharf, where "Old Bob" will be found at his usual business of selling "Bad Whiskey" but good Cigars. Recordiate [illegible] old [illegible] friends to give him a call.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

Board and Lodging, per week..........$5.50 and $6.
Board, per week..........$4.50
Beds, per night..........50cts
The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Southeast corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria. aug18

HOTELS—VANCOUVER.

THE BURRARD HOTEL,

MARTIN & BALFOUR, Prop's.

Corner Carroll and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B.C. The only first-class hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE,

JOHN DOUGALL, Propr.

Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B. C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, containing every appliance for the protection, comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fire in all rooms. Sample room for travellers. The dining room is in charge of Mr. SCHLENE, who is unrivalled as a Caterer. dec21

HOTELS—NEW WESTMINSTER.

HOLBROOK HOUSE,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout. Conveniently situated within easy distance of railway and steamboat landings. First-class in every respect. Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. JOHN RANKIN, Proprietor. jan12 3m

HOTELS—KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

KAMLOOPS, B. C.

Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains. J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor. sep15 ly

HOTELS—WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE,

WINNIPEG, MAN.

Most conveniently situated for strangers visiting Winnipeg. Pleasant and cheerful rooms, giving a fine view of the chief thoroughfare of the city. Prices moderate for first-class accommodation. Free 'Bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors. sept23 3m

RESTAURANTS.

BELVIDERE RESTAURANT,

F. DAVIS, Proprietor,

Yates street, bet. Government and Broad streets. Open day and night. First-class in every respect. Everything in season. Give us a call. Meals from 25 cents upwards. oct13

EDUCATIONAL.

CORRIG SCHOOL.

A PRIVATE AND HIGH CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL.

For young gentlemen. Will re-open on Monday, January 10th, 1887. Full staff of Instructors. Four vacancies for Boarders. dec 21-3m

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

H. J. CAMPBELL, B. A.

Private tuition for candidates preparing for examinations. Kane street, next above Blanchard. jan7

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. aug 1-ly WILLIAM SCOTT, Secretary.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMPERANCE Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance members and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock punctually. R. GRAY, President.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An established Hotel business with a regular trade centrally situated, within a short distance of the Post Office. A good investment for a good man with CASH. Address, for particulars, "Hotel," TIMES office.

Condensed Advertisements

Inserted on this page, such as Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, For Sale, To Let, Personal, Lost and Found, and similar advertisements, when not exceeding five lines—forty words—three insertions for 50 cents, and one week (six times) for 75 cents; and if longer than one week, 25 cents additional to the foregoing per week will be charged.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS inserted at the following special rates: Cards occupying five or seven lines space, classified, $2 per month. Each additional line, ten words, 25 cents per line per month.

Special arrangements made for advertisements not inserted every day.

WANTED.

WANTED—A Nursemaid. Apply to Mrs. D. R. Harris, James Bay. feb9

IF YOU WANT Domestics, Farm hands, Labourers, Mechanics, Cooks, Waiters, etc., or any kind of labour done, call at the S. C. E. Bureau. PICKERING & Co., Fort St. Telephone 21. oc 28

TO RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two front rooms on the sunny side of the Street over the late Queens hotel, Yates Street, suitable for office or dental rooms. Apply to A. Gregg & Son Yates street. feb 11

TO RENT.—Two Front Rooms, furnished, Bedroom and Sitting Room, in the pleasantest part of the city; also use of kitchen if required. Address "Apartments," TIMES office. Feb8 6t

FOR RENT—A four-roomed House, 20 minutes' walk from Post Office, with Outbuildings complete; will rent furnished or unfurnished. Apply to A. Oldershaw, Craigflower Road, Victoria West. jan31 2w

FOR RENT.—One or two Rooms to let at Denny's, over Victoria House; splendid light; entrance to rooms in sight at head of stairs. Also Room on ground floor, 22x16 in rear of the Victoria House, entrance Broad street; suitable for sample or work room. Apply to WM. DENNY. jan24 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms, or single rooms, to let furnished or unfurnished, on Fort Street 2 minutes walk from the Post Office.—Address M C. TIMES office. feb11-2wks

FOR SALE.—Two teams TRUCK HORSES, weight 1300 and 1400; also four good driving Horses; all under seven years old. Apply to JOHN CAMERON, Victoria. feb10 2w

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 150 acres in South Saanich, 15 acres of which are under cultivation; buildings ordinary. The Saanich road runs through it. Is ten miles from the city. Also, a team of Draught Horses, Harness and Wagon; a Boat, with sails and rigging complete. All at a great bargain. Apply to J. McKenzie, Esquimalt Road, or Victoria P. O. feb8

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A farm of about 160 acres in Sooke. For further information Apply to D. McMillan, New Westminster; or to J. D. Campbell, Esquimalt. Feb7-1mo

FOR SALE—A first-class Fire-Box Boiler. Can be seen at the residence of Capt. Pamphlet, David street, Rock Bay. jan31 1m

TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS.

JOHN BOYD,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER

In Teas, Wines and Spirits. Finest Scotch Whiskies, specially selected for their excellent qualities, are unsurpassed in the Province. P. O. 221 YATES STREET. feb1mly

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & HALL,

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.

Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin. J. L. HALL, M.D., C.M. | Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear. F. W. HALL, M. D., C. M.

OFFICE—Theater Block, Douglas street. Consultation free.

Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are cured in from one to three simple applications made at home. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free on receipt of stamp, by A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King street West, Toronto, Canada.—*Christian Standard.*

The German government has an available surplus of 100,000,000 marks which it is thought will be used for war purposes.

The eastern and western associations of United States glass manufacturers were consolidated. Prices will be at once advanced from 5 to 7½ cents.

Mr. Parnell's malady is reported to be Bright's disease. It is thought improbable that he will be able to stand the strain of his parliamentary work.

Advices from Mandalay state that the British forces have captured the entire camp of the insurgent Boshway, Boshway, however, managed to escape.

King Theebaw and the Tsawba of Woontho, have issued an address to the Burmese advising them to submit to British rule.

A bogus United States dollar bill No. B 1821261, with the vignette of Martha Washington, is being circulated in Montreal. Quite a number have been picked up by the government detectives.

The Limerick municipal council has refused to celebrate the Queen's jubilee on the ground that the Queen had visited Ireland only twice and has never assisted Irish charities.

Rev. T. Goldsmith has been elected, president of the Hamilton Evangelical alliance.

BLAKE ON THE TARIFF.

The Liberal Leader Defines His Position on the Question.

Justice will be Meted out to all Classes of Taxpayers.

The Hon. Edward Blake at Malvern, Ont., in the course of a lengthened and remarkable speech laid down in clear and distinct language the general principles and policy which he intended to adopt as regards the tariff, and in which his party no doubt will acquiesce. After referring to the sentiments expressed by him in 1882, and to the necessity there was now for modifying these in view of our largely increased debt and obligations, as well as on other grounds, he went to say:—

You see that I directed attention to specified evils, those of inordinately high duties in certain cases, and of unjust duties as between rich and poor, evils which I thought and think ought to be redressed as far as may now be possible, though our power even here is greatly limited. You observe that coming to details, I no longer, for my own part, saw my way to propose absolute freedom in commodities which in 1882 might have been made free. Candor obliged me to speak no longer of "abolition," but of "lightening" of taxes on some necessaries." That was all I thought now practicable, and the same idea I presented at Welland and elsewhere, when I spoke of the "reduction," and not the "abolition" of such taxes. It is no part of the duty of a man in opposition to frame the details of a tariff, and if I depart even a little from that line for a moment, and express an opinion on one detail, it is only because in 1882 a specific proposal was made. I may say, then, that my personal opinion is that we should at all risks dispense with the odious and heavy tax on corn flour, upon which certain of the poorer classes in the east, who cannot afford wheat flour, are actually obliged to pay a heavier tax than their richer neighbors, pay on their superior food. But as to wheat and wheat flour I think that the changed conditions point rather to a reduction of duties, with a readjustment of the disproportion between the tax on wheat and that on flour, than to a total abolition; and so of coal. Therefore it was, that being unable to promise anything which I did not see my way to perform, I spoke of "lightening," of "reducing," rather than of abolishing this class of taxation. (Cheers.) I am not blind to the fact that in many cases the conditions of trade and manufacture, the investments of capital, the establishment of industries, the great and often overruling question of transportation rates, and other circumstances present important, complicated, and difficult problems, which must be grappled with before changes are made. Therefore, I declared the other day, when speaking of my plans:

"That is a modest programme, you may say, but I believe it to be an extensive programme, representing the full measure practicable of attainment, and which can be fulfilled only by much expenditure of time and thought, after full investigation, careful inquiry, and ample consideration of details and of the bearing of each proposal, with the advantage of all those materials for forming a judgment on details, which are available only to men in office."

I believe that even when in government, time, investigation, inquiry, a full opportunity to every interest to state its views and bring forward its facts, an intelligent appreciation of the bearings of the case, as they exist at the time, and of the multiform conditions by which we are surrounded, are absolutely essential preliminaries to a decision upon details. And I will for my part never consent to any change which shall not be preceded and justified by such inquiry. Our adversaries talk of us as about to act like a bull in a china shop, knocking down all the crockery on the shelves. (Laughter.) We have no such intention. We have more sense. (Cheers.) What an absurdity it would be not to recognize existing facts, not to avail ourselves fully and freely, with frank and unprejudiced minds, of all the knowledge and all the experience which has been accumulated; not to direct our course by the light so to be gained! (Loud cheers.) Lastly, I have always recognized the great importance of stability in tariffs; it is one of the most material things. I have witnessed with pain and regret the constant tinkering with the tariff which has gone on for the last few years. Much of it might have been avoided by proper care and inquiry before action. I think changes should be as few and as infrequent as possible; and should never take place save to secure a substantial public good, or to remove a serious public evil. It is on this principle that I should deal with questions of change. (Cheers.) We have not, as I have often explained, any of the animosity charged upon us against manufacturers. Many of the most intelligent and prosperous manufacturers are Reformers, and, notwithstanding the strenuous and sometimes unworthy opposition of some of that class, we retain a kindly feeling and interest in its success. (Cheers.) We desire to give all due consideration to its legitimate interests. But, as I said the other day, we must consider the public interests; and where those interests may be opposed to exorbitant demands of some members of a class, we must decline such demands. (Loud cheers.) I believe the true and permanent interests of the several classes are reasonably reconcilable. (Cheers.) This reconciliation should be our aim; and we have shown our desire to subserve the real interests at once of manufacturers and of the public at large, by striving for a reduction of the duties on raw materials, and for facilities for obtaining an enlarged market abroad, so as to provide the main requisites for cheap, regular profitable production—low priced raw materials, and a widely spread and large consumptive demand. (Cheers.) I have said that there are even to-day, after all our losses of '78, many manufacturers in the Reform ranks; and I believe that some of those who left us are now disposed to return. We will welcome them back! But, in their desperation, the Tory party has concerted a scheme under which a strenuous effort is now being made by Tory politicians, and Tory manufacturers, who are some of them more manufacturers in politics than anything else,—(cheers and laughter)—to frighten and persuade our present friends to leave us, and our former friends to keep away. They disavow party action; they are acting under false pretences; but I know them, and denounce them now! No greater compliment than this was ever paid to the integrity and justice of a political party! So confident are those men of the fidelity to principles of the Liberals, that they are ready to run the risks involved in setting all the manufacturing class on one side and the great Liberal party on the other side of politics! They are right in believing that, even if they did succeed in setting us face to face in hostile array with the solid body of the manufacturing class, we would strive to do them justice. But I should deeply deplore such a result! I have ever endeavored to prevent a cleavage in politics by classes. It is bad for the commonwealth; and it is worse for the class. (Loud cheers.) Such a situation could not but be hurtful to both sides. It would leave the Liberals without that advice and information, that sympathy, support and encouragement which are important factors in the conduct of a party and the framing of the details of a policy; and thus it could not produce a beneficial result on the cause it is professedly designed to serve. I say professedly; for the professed is not the real cause. The real cause to be served is not that of the manufacturers, but that of the Tory party. [Loud cheers]. The scheme, if it succeeds, may indeed a little help their desperate cause; but it will not avert their doom; it cannot give them victory! [Loud and prolonged cheers]. We shall win whether these unworthy tactics succeed or not! [Renewed cheers]. We shall win in our struggle for the preservation of the national life. [Cheers]. We shall win anyway! But I hope and believe that we shall win with the support and assistance, and thus with the continued influence on the fortunes of the party and the policy of the country, of old friends returned to us, as well as of those of that great interest who have up to this time remained faithful to the Liberal cause, and who, I am assured, will not be induced by the false pretences and fraudulent devices of the enemy to desert our colors now, just as we are closing our ranks for the last assault upon our discredited, demoralized, desperate and half beaten foes. [Loud cheers]. No! We shall win with the help of all Reformers of all classes; and having so won, we will, by their continued help and with their cordial support, give at least to our common country a broad and comprehensive, a truly national policy. [Loud and prolonged applause.]

HONEST EMMA ABBOTT.

[By a local author.]

She came with her eyes of honest blue,
And hair of sunlit brown,
And lips that are tinged with the rose's hue,
And the hand as soft as down.

She came to us with her handsome figure,
And twinkling fairy feet;
No sensible man could wish them bigger,
They are just too awfully sweet.

She came with the dear retrousse nose,
Which so sets off her other "features,"
That th' observer with poetic fervor glows,
And embalms 'em in "hexameters."

She came with a voice that collars high C
And knocks it all out of time,
And the trill that ascends so musically,
And the staccato that is sublime.

And when we see her as Violetta,
While the tenor is wild with bliss,
We are broken up because we can't get
To stand in for the Abbott kiss.

[NOTE—The author died at this juncture. He is beyond the reach of human vengeance.]

OUR TIMBER LANDS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—The public are possibly not aware that the exertions being made to change the present land act arise chiefly from those who are interested in creating a monopoly third in importance and magnitude to any in Canada. The present mill owners having obtained what they require at a mere nominal rate, desire to render it impossible for any other parties to operate; and to this end they try to gull the people by the cry of spoliation. What bosh! They and their friends have been playing that game for years; to give them the choice of the most accessible timber in the Province for almost nothing, and compel others to go back into the mountains at almost prohibitive prices, would be class legislation with a vengeance, and endow the people with lunacy who permitted such an outrage. Lands in the hands of the government are non-productive of revenue until alienated from the crown. Better by far to give the lands away so as to become a source of revenue than to raise the price on inaccessible timber lands, and render competition with cheap frontage owners impossible. It is apparent to even the most ordinary observer that any additional price placed on the fee simple of lands enhances the value of private property in more favorable locations than any at present in the hands of the government. It is also a well known fact that the best land in the interior of British Columbia (rolling country) has been sold at one dollar per acre through ignorance of its real value and merits of location. If a change has to be effected, why not sell the land at a low rate and assess timber as an improvement. In short, why not pass an act and declare all standing timber an improvement, valued also much per thousand per acre. Does either the government, or the people it represents, suppose for a moment that capital will be invested at a disadvantage, giving privileges to one and exacting high rates from another? If all cannot be treated alike, how can honorable competition succeed? If the government become a party to monopolistic abuses, how can we succeed in convincing capital of either our honor or integrity as a people? There are prejudices innumerable against our young, but favored, country. Instead of increasing them by wilful or ignorant legislation, if we must have revenue let it be produced by honorable means, equally binding on all citizens. I should not be at all surprised but in the near future we shall have land troubles in British Columbia and a Michael Davitt rise to teach the people their rights and the nature of their wrongs. A country without a policy, and not able to raise a uniform revenue without interference with vested rights is bound to collapse. We are now being driven to impecunious means of deriving revenue by devices, instead of by fair and legitimate means, and if I understand the temper of the public pulse it will not be tolerated. It is written on the wall, and the sooner it is interpreted the better it will be for those interested in good and efficient government. Why not the government (whom I believe to be sincere in their endeavors to do what is right) obtain information from the leading lumbering states of the east, as to the best mode of alienation, which will place all on an equal footing, before acting hastily in the interest of a few people, who, having all they want almost for nothing, are attempting to keep all others out. Is it fair or just and will it be tolerated?

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Victoria, Feb. 11, 1887.

THE WIDE DOMINION.

Melange of General News—Happenings in the East.

The Political Conflict—Movements of the Leaders.

Gen. Strange has retired from the electoral contest in Alberta.

The population of Montreal is 185,544 an increase of 34,812 since 1881.

Lieutenant-Governor and Madame Masson, of Quebec, have left for Bermuda. No administrator has been sworn in yet.

The number of immigrants arriving at Winnipeg show a decided increase as the season advances.

The Banff anthracite coal company expect to ship 200 tons of coal per day to Winnipeg after March 1st.

The Quebec *Mercury* newspaper has been purchased by Dominion ministerialists, and has come out in support of the straight Conservative candidates.

The wife of a clerk in the Wilber iron mines, near Kingston, Ont., has fallen heir, by the death of an aunt, to a large fortune.

The Dominion authorities deny that as telegraphed from Ottawa to the U. S. press they have applied to the Imperial for the recall of Minister West.

Ex-Ald. Brown of Ottawa claims to have discovered by a scrutiny of the lists of the last municipal elections that some 200 voters repeated. They will be prosecuted.

Dr. Ferguson, the late representative, is in the field in North Leeds and Grenville, the other being Geo. E. Kidd, barrister, of Ottawa. Both are Conservatives.

Sir John Lester Kaye sails for England to-day. He has completed the organization of a syndicate for working ten large farms in the Northwest, with a capital of over six million dollars.

J. D. McLeod, Q. C., has been nominated as the Liberal candidate in Pictou. The party also endorse the workingmen's candidate, A. C. Bell, late leader of the local opposition.

Toronto *Telegram* (Independent Tory): He (Tupper) is probably no more corrupt than Sir John. But there is this difference, that while Sir John has helped everybody else, Sir Charles has helped himself.

Mr. Acton Burrows, of Winnipeg, has tendered his resignation as Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Manitoba. It is said he will devote all his time to journalism, becoming managing editor of the *Manitoban.*

The Conservatives of Lisgar are not satisfied with the candidature of Mr. A. W. Ross, believing him to be a renegade Grit. An effort is to be made to induce Mr. S. L. Bedson, Warden of the Penitentiary, to accept the nomination.

Mr. T. Fullerton, of Elbow River, has, by the death of an uncle in Australia, fallen heir to a large amount of money. The estate is valued at half a million dollars and is to be divided between six persons.

Mr. Wm. Drever, died at Winnipeg on Sunday, aged 84, at the home of his second daughter, Mrs. Pinkham, wife of the Bishop of Saskatchewan. Deceased was for eighteen years a Hudson Bay official at York factory, and afterwards carried on a general business in Winnipeg.

The friends of Mr. J. K. Ward, the well-known manufacturer, who is out in the Liberal interest in opposition to Sir Donald Smith, in Montreal West, claim that he will easily defeat the latter, as he will poll a large French and labor vote.

Attention is being directed to the fact that all manufacturers who are offering themselves as candidates for the House of Commons are seeking election as supporters of Mr. Blake. The Tory candidates are chiefly boodlers of the Mackintosh-Boultbee-Hickey-Haggart-Beatty-"the boy"-Woodworth-Rykert stamp.

Mr. James Haggarty, of the old and well known firm of Haggart Bros., Brampton, but lately residing in St. Thomas, died lately at the age of 68 years. Deceased left St. Thomas about ten days ago for Brampton, to attend the funeral of his brother, and while there was stricken down with the malady which resulted in his death. He leaves two sons and two daughters.

The report comes from Kingston that the rumor that Mrs. Gunn was taken very ill in the south of Italy, and that her husband had declined for a third term in Parliament is untrue. He had returned from London to her side, and both are on their way to Kingston, and Gunn expected there last Monday. Sir John Macdonald's candidature is not nearly so popular as expected.

A sad accident happened at Ste. Monique, Que., on Tuesday night. The three daughters of Mr. Ambrose Gravel, 9, 11 and 13 years respectively, slept in the school house in company with a girl named Forget, a daughter of Mr. Joseph Forget. During the night the school house was burned down, and in the morning the charred remains of the four unfortunates were discovered among the ashes. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

The campaign in South Brant continues lively. The contestants are Messrs. William Patterson, the late member, and W. F. Cockshutt, Conservative. After the carving of the county prior to last election, Mr. Patterson was elected by 179 majority. The new Franchise Act gives 468 Indian voters. A determined effort is now being made to get this vote to go solid for the government candidate. Mr. Patterson has a hard road to travel. His absence from the House would be greatly missed, for he is regarded as the third best debater and parliamentarian in that body, and is extremely popular with both sides.

There was a great rush in London for the detailed prospectus of the Allsopps Joint Stock Company.

Michael Davitt and his wife arrived in Dublin and were enthusiastically received. They were escorted to their hotel by a torchlight procession and of bands of music.

The Secretary of the Navy has given orders to have the following vessels at San Francisco prepared for the purpose of being appraised by the Board of Inspectors: The Cyane, Lackawanna, Shenandoah and Wachusetts.

A Connellsville, Pennsylvania special says that the strike of the yard men of the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogheny Railroad has been settled, the company conceding the increase in wages demanded. Trains are running as usual.

"Biddle" Alderman O'Neill, of New York, has been sentenced to four and one-half years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $2000.

John Wanamaker paid over $100,000 for Munkacsy's painting of "Christ before Pilate."

Political Chestnuts.

The question has been asked: Has Hon. Mr. McLelan no qualms of conscience in handing over the care of the finances to Sir Charles Tupper, whom he once characterized as "the high priest of corruption?"

I wish to God I could catch Riel.—Sir John Macdonald at Peterboro'. | You will find enclosed $1,000 for Riel.—Sir John Macdonald to Archbishop Tache.

The watchword for the manufacturers in the east and the workingmen is—Blake's policy is the policy for us.

Mr. Edward Farrar, editor of the Toronto *Mail* since 1885 and of the Winnipeg *Times* from 1882, thus wrote of Lieut.-Governor Dewdney, Chief Indian Commissioner: "For the first time in the history of the British nation, the representative of the Queen is known to the savage as a liar." Plain, pointed, truthful language. Farrar knew whereof he wrote.

Toryism has not supported freedom in Canada, and resists it in Ireland.—Gladstone.

"The principles of true politics are those of morality enlarged, and I neither now do, nor ever will, admit of any other doctrine."—Edmund Burke.

I, as an Orangeman, have ever since been true to its principles.—Sir John Macdonald at Kingston in 1861. | I have never set foot in an Orange Lodge in my life.—Sir John A. Macdonald at Carleton in 1886.

There is a public debt of more than $1,000,000 on each of the constituencies of Canada; British Columbia's proportion being at least $6,000,000. The burden of this enormous debt, apart from Provincial taxes, is $40,000 for each constituency in the province.

On account of interest and other charges on public debt, Canada paid very nearly $21 50 every minute of last year.

In a recent speech Mr. Blake recalled the following sequence of events: Had there been no neglect, there would have been no rebellion; if no rebellion, no arrest; if no arrest, no trial; if no trial, no condemnation; if no condemnation, no execution. They, therefore, who are responsible for the first are responsible for every link in the fatal chain!

"Is it not only true in morals but true in statesmanship; and in fact it would not dissociate them at all—what is true in morals is true in statesmanship."—John Bright.

An Independent Member.

Sir Donald A. Smith has accepted the nomination tendered him by the Conservatives of West Montreal. Prior to his leaving England he cabled that he would accept the nomination in the following terms:

Appreciate the honor of nomination, and accept it, if electors are satisfied with my assurance as an Independent member, uninfluenced by any other considerations than those having in view the best interests of our common country. I will, if elected, use every effort to further the material progress of the Dominion and to promote the prosperity of the city of Montreal.
DONALD A. SMITH.

It is extremely gratifying to notice the stand Sir Donald has taken. He now approaches the electors whose franchise he is soliciting *as an independent and not otherwise.* When Sir Donald sat for Winnipeg prior to 1878 he was a supporter of the government of the day. During the Pacific scandal debate he awarded the Macdonald government full credit for all it had done for the Northwest, but he could not endorse its conduct in connection with that political crime, and deserted the Conservative camp. The episodes that occurred in the lobby and in the House after Sir John's downfall when that individual declared that he could thrash Sir Donald "quicker than shool could scorch a herring," and the further declaration by Sir John later on that Sir Donald was the biggest liar he ever knew, with Sir Charles Tupper's assertions that he (Sir Donald) was a "traitor" and a "coward," are still fresh in the memory of many of our readers. Every effort has been made to induce Sir Donald to return to his first love; but so far in vain, for not even Sir Charles Tupper's promise to rid the government of Sir John A. Macdonald could win him back. Truly, Sir Donald is having his revenge for the insults offered him, by the men who are now at his feet, in 1878.

American Items.

The Senate has agreed to the House substitute to the Senate Chinese Indemnity bill.

The Senate has passed the bill prohibiting off-shore mackerel fishing during the shoaling season, by a vote of 34 to 11.

Twelve new cases of diptheria and one death from the same disease were reported yesterday in San Francisco.

An interesting race took place at Portland yesterday between H. K. Strave, of Seattle, and Ed. Skinner, from the east. The race was won by Strave by eight inches. Time, 9¼ seconds.

The hearse in which the remains of Abraham Lincoln were conveyed to their last resting place was consumed in the flames in the St. Louis fire of Wednesday.

The jury in the case of McWhorter, editor of the Marysville *Democrat,* who shot and killed Deputy Marshal Robinson, this morning brought in a verdict of not guilty.

A fire broke out in a Chinese laundry on Post street, San Francisco, on Thursday. The wash-house suddenly collapsed burying a number of firemen. John Wilkinson, fireman, was killed and three others are believed to be fatally injured. It is supposed that several Chinamen are among the ruins.

Meeting To-night.

Electors and others whose views on the leading public questions of the day are not in accord with those of the Dominion government of the day will meet this (Saturday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock in Oliver's Academy hall, Denny's block, Broad street, opposite the Driard Hotel. It is to be hoped there will be a large attendance.

The Concordia.

The Concordia Comedy company returned from Nanaimo this afternoon where they were accorded a good reception. They will open at the Concordia this evening in an entirely new and original programme.

For San Francisco.

The Geo. W. Elder, which sailed today at noon for San Francisco, took the following passengers from this city. Rev Geo Brown, James Allan, J. A. McGuire, Mrs Davidson and child, Joseph Selwood and J W Moyes.

The Commissioner of Pensions on Friday started a requisition for $35,780,000, with which to make up the pensions due March 4th next. This will be the largest payment for current pensions made in any month in the history of the government.

A message was received by Congress from the President yesterday afternoon returning without his approval the Dependent Pension bill.

UNSETTLED EUROPE.

Parnell's Amendment Defeated in the House of Commons.

Continental News—Germany and France Still Hostile.

Parnell's Amendment Lost.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Parnell's amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech was rejected by 357 to 246.

STEAMER DISABLED AT SEA.

Information has been received in shipping circles in this city that one of the steamships of the National Line was spoken at sea on the 5th inst., with her propeller broken, and returning to England under sail. The steamer when spoken was 700 miles from land. All on board were well.

A PARTY MASSACRED.

Traders from the interior of Africa report that the explorer Dr. Holub, his wife and entire party accompanying him have been massacred by natives.

The Continent,

WARLIKE APPEARANCE.

BERLIN, Feb. 11.—The *Kaiser Zeitung* says: "The danger of war will not cease until stable conditions are established in France, and the further developments of the military measures of General Boulanger are stayed. The peaceful assurances of the French government make it evident that the governing powers of France have only a slight hold upon the nation. As far as Germany's preparations go, nothing can be founded upon the calling out of the reserves. The fact that 70,000 reserves are under drill will not hasten the movement of the army in a single quarter. Lachyect says that it has been decided at Paris to discontinue the dispatch of reinforcements to the frontier till the 21st of February. General Boulanger has promised his colleagues that he will order no more war preparations without their approval.

CAUSE OF DELAY.

The *National Gazette* attributes the conduct of the French Chamber of Deputies in postponing the debate on the French Military bill to a desire to defer the discussion of military affairs until after the German elections.

The *Kolnische Zeitung* says: One third of the army is already armed with repeating rifles, and by the end of the month 250,000 men will be competently drilled.

The Bourse was weak and Russians were down ¾.

THE FRENCH CAPITAL.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—The Anarchists assert that the outrages at Lyon and Stelienne were only the beginning of the Anarchists' campaign in France. "We have talked too long," they say, "action is now needed."

Edgar Ravail Duval, the well-known French politician, is dead.

MEETING OF THE SOBRANJE.

SOFIA, Feb. 11.—The Sobranje will meet on the return of the Bulgarian deputation to Sofia.

FERDINAND VON MILLER DEAD.

MUNICH, Feb. 11.—Ferdinand Von Miller, the celebrated Bavarian founder, is dead. He was aged 74.

RUSSIAN FLEET ORDERED TO JAPAN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 11.—The Russian Mediterranean fleet has been ordered to Japan, where the Czar intends to assemble a squadron of considerable proportions.

FLOODS IN MICHIGAN.

Great Destructions of Property—The Rushing of Mighty Waters.

A Lyons, Mich., dispatch of yesterday states that the flood at that point was simply terrible. A panic has seized some of the people and it is impossible to get an estimate of the losses. The water is four feet deep in many residences, and the same state of affairs prevails in store rooms. Everybody is moving or preparing to move. Last night was the most exciting one the village has ever experienced. Up to the last night three buildings had been carried away and many others were badly damaged.

AT JACKSON

the pressure of water in Grand river, near the mill pond above the city, was too great and last night the sluices were opened, with the result that the water rose several feet and the Grand Trunk bridge is now under water. The cellars in the business blocks in the center of the town are all flooded with from 12 inches to two and a half feet of water. The State House grounds are completely submerged, and on a large tract of land in the southern part of the city the water is up to the floors of the dwellings. The prison walls stand in the midst of a lake. The rain fell in torrents until about midnight, when it changed to snow, and by daylight fully eight inches of snow and sleet had fallen. There is a regular northeast twenty mile gale. The water has risen two feet in the last four hours and is still rising. The people are worn out, working night and day to save their property. The Maple and Grand rivers unite here and both are raging. It is impossible to give a complete estimate of the damage done. Should the Lansing ice reach here before the gorge gives way all the business places on the north side of Main street will be washed away. A rough estimate of the damage makes the aggregate between $75,000 and $100,000.

AT OTHER POINTS.

At Monroe the river has been slowly rising for the last twenty-four hours, but the ice has broken, giving a free passage to the lake. The banks of the river are lined with immense walls of ice and frozen snow, rising eight or ten feet above the present high water mark, and great fields of ice of the same thickness fill all the streets adjacent to the river. These fibres are surrounded with water. All the shops have been closed at that point. Immense lumber piles are afloat. The Lake Shore railroad track is in great danger of being washed away.

At Muir the same serious conditions prevail and merchants have abandoned their stores.

Advices from other points are to the same effect, but Lyons seems to be the worst sufferer.

At Owosso six inches of snow fell last night and the river is still rising.

Officers Appointed.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the H. C. M. & M. Co. yesterday, the following officers were appointed: President, J. Heywood; treasurer, C. H. Rudferd; secretary, G. A. Sargison.

THE DAILY TIMES,

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING (SUNDAY EXCEPTED),

By the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Lim'td.

At the Office of Publication, [illegible], Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS.

Delivered by Carriers in any part of the city, by the week, for ... [illegible]
If paid in advance, one year for ... [illegible]
" " " Six months ... [illegible]
" " " Three months ... 2 00
Mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, daily, per annum ... [illegible]
Subscribers for the week will oblige by paying the collector promptly.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, as follows:
One year, postage paid ... [illegible]
Six months ... [illegible]
Subscriptions to be strictly in advance.
When mailing money, letters should be registered to insure safety. Address,
THE TIMES P. & P. CO., L'D., Victoria, B. C.

Advertising Rates:

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement: More than two days and not more than one week, 30 cents. More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 50 cents. More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents. No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2, and accepted only for every day insertion.

Notices inserted amongst City and Province items will be charged 15 cents per line for each insertion for less than one Week; for a period not exceeding two weeks, 75 cents per line, and for one month $1.25.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertising Rates for The Weekly Times:

THE WEEKLY TIMES enjoys the largest circulation in British Columbia, and is therefore an unrivaled advertising medium. Those who have tested the matter will cheerfully endorse this statement. A limited number of advertisements will be inserted at rates which can be ascertained on application at the office. A special discount will be made to long term advertisers, on both daily and weekly editions.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Feb. 12, 1887.

CURVATURES ON THE ESQUIMALT RAILWAY.

The discussion on Mr. BEAVEN's motion for the production of papers upon this subject elicited some very important points which may prove valuable to the residents of Vancouver Island in the near future. He pointed out, in the first place, that the contractors for the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway received unusually favorable terms for building it; that the province ostensibly transferred to the Dominion government in trust for that purpose a strip of land 140 miles long by a width of 20 miles, on the east coast of the island, for the building of a road 75 miles in length, and that the Dominion government gave also to the company $750,000 in cash. The land grant included the most valuable coal deposits on the Pacific Coast; that the company consisted of four residents of the United States and three of the province; that four out of the seven are the "Railway Kings" of California, the owners of the Southern and Central Pacific Railway; and of the three provincial owners, one was a member of the Legislative Assembly (Mr. DUNSMUIR)—a strong supporter of the SMITHE-ROBSON government—and the others, his son-in-law and son. That the bargain to build the road was between the Provincial Assembly, the Dominion Parliament, and the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company, and that the contract finally made was in the form of a statute. That this contract expressly stated that the maximum curvature was not to be of a less radius than 800 feet, or a minimum degree of curves of 7 degrees; that the company located their line in compliance with the above conditions and submitted the plan and profiles for the approval of the Governor General in Council; that they were approved and returned to the President of the Railway, and construction commenced; that the contract was a specific engagement, that the company would not exceed certain grades, or have curves of less than a particular standard; that the curvature could not be legally changed except by statutes passed by the Parliament of Canada and by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia. Mr. DUNSMUIR, who was building the road *changed the curvature without any authority*; he changed it from a fixed minimum of seven degrees very largely indeed. The Minister of Railways and Canals stated in the House of Commons that there were forty-five curves exceeding the maximum curve fixed by statute. Upon inspection of the work, after a large portion had been done, the Dominion government declined to pay any portion of the $750,000, contribution; Mr. TRUTCH giving it as his opinion that an expenditure of two or three hundred thousand dollars would be entailed upon the company by reconstructing the work; that the company had placed itself under great risk and had acted unwarrantably. Mr. BEAVEN pointed out that it had been stated in the discussion that took place in the House of Commons that the American citizens engaged in the enterprise had undoubtedly sufficient wealth within themselves to commence and carry through the work on the lines indicated in the specification, and still be able to complete the work within the time specified by the contract, but that the result of such action on their part would most likely be the ruin of those British Columbians who had taken the work in hand. It will thus be observed that the situation was critical, and the sequence shows the value to Mr. DUNSMUIR of a pliant government in British Columbia. But although pliant, the government lacked brains, and have, as usual, made a mess of the entire business. Mr. BEAVEN has evidently probed the transaction to the bottom; he showed that the Provincial Minister had made serious misstatements to the Legislature last session when introducing the now famous resolution agreeing to the change of curvature. That resolution was introduced on April 3d, the Minister stating that he had just received a telegram from Sir ALEX. CAMPBELL asking that assent of the Legislature to a change in the curvature be obtained. Mr. BEAVEN pointed out that the Minister of Justice of Canada had stated in the House of Commons that the concession as asked for by the railway company was being made on *motion of the government of British Columbia*. He also proved by the Sessional papers of Canada, from a dispatch signed by Lieutenant-Governor CORNWALL, that Sir ALEX. CAMPBELL's telegram was *dated February 25th, 1886*, so that the Provincial government were made aware of the Dominion government's wishes at least five weeks before they placed the matter so hurriedly before the Local Assembly; and that the Provincial Government had telegraphed its concurrence to the change officially on the 15th March, 1886. Mr. BEAVEN further pointed out that neither an order-in-council, or resolution of the Assembly, can change a statute. So the whole affair is a bungle of the worst kind. This, however, is not the only blunder, for by Judge HENRY's decision in the Farwell case, transfers of land by the Province to the Dominion Government are void, the Dominion Government not being a corporation capable of holding or transferring land; so that the fee of the land is still vested in the Province. Also, that if the contractors have not built the road in accordance with the original specification that the benefit ought not to accrue to the contractors but should come to the Province in the form of a reduced land grant, in order that the settlers north of the Qualicum river, who have no railway, can have their lands eliminated from the new grant when made. The refusal of the Assembly to produce papers upon this important matter was the crowning act of folly and proves conclusively that there is much more to hide than was supposed.

MR. BLAKE AND THE MANUFACTURERS.

The pronunciamento by the Hon. EDWARD BLAKE in the course of his speech at Malvern, in East York, and in Montreal last week, of his views on the tariff as affecting the National Policy, has completely baffled the Conservatives. The N. P. was to be the rally cry of that party; it was again to be the shibboleth by which they were to secure a fresh lease of power. The repeated charge of an hostile attitude to the fiscal policy of the country, by his detractors, at last drew from the leader of the opposition a distinct, positive definition of his views thereon, and a declaration as to what course he will adopt when in a position to dictate a policy to the country. When we say that it has completely floored the prohibitory tariff advocates we state all. Manufacturers are now assured that they are equally as safe in the hands of the Liberals as with those of their opponents, for Mr. BLAKE has offered to the manufacturers of Canada all that reasonable men have any right to expect. If they want anything more than he has promised them, they want more than what they have any honest right to. It is for them to take his offer, or leave it. We believe he knows what he is talking about when he says that he and his party will win in the Dominion elections, whether they have the assistance of the manufacturers or not. The reports from Montreal, Brockville, Gananoque, Belleville, Brantford, London, Guelph, Kingston, Peterboro', Hamilton, Galt, Ingersoll, St. Thomas, and other places go to show that a large proportion of the manufacturers support Mr. BLAKE. In proof of this merely needs to be stated that many prominent manufacturers, hitherto leading spirits in the Manufacturer's Association of Ontario, have withdrawn, declining to make any further contributions to the funds of that association, which were used ostensibly to protect its interests, but in reality to corrupt the constituencies. The following address presented to Mr. BLAKE last week in Brockville, and to which is attached the signatures of the leading manufacturers in that town, is the clearest possible proof that a desertion of no mean magnitude is taking place from the Conservative ranks. As there are many in this city familiar with that town, its industries, and business men, we give the full text of the address:

To the Hon. Edward Blake, Leader of Her Majesty's Opposition in the late Parliament of Canada.

SIR—As humble representatives of that much discussed class, the manufacturers, we beg to tender you a most hearty welcome on this the occasion of your first visit to our town. We beg, sir, to assure you that we view with satisfaction your well defined disposition on all matters pertaining to the good of our country. We also wish to assure you that your declaration on the tariff question commends itself to us as that best calculated to develop and guarantee the permanency of our home industries and afford remunerative employment to the laboring classes. Placing, as we do, implicit confidence in your hands, believing that they will be administered in such a manner as will conduce to the prosperity and welfare of all. We beg of you to accept the assurance of our most profound respect. (Signed) The James Smart Manufacturing Company, Brockville, John M. Gill, President; G. M. Cossitt & Bro.; The J. W. Mann Manufacturing Company, limited, N. B. Marshall, President; Kearns & Marshall; A. G. McCrady & Sons; Moore & Kehoe; Bourke & Moore; B. B. Woods; E. B. Wright & Co.; Dominion Wringer Co.; T. J. B. Harding; W. D. Chapman & Co.; Tury Bros.; Jas. Cumming; Geo. W. Bishop; A. Odell; T. A. Hibbard; Bass & McCormack.

GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS—A PRECEDENT.

The appointment of Mr. F. E. KILVERT to the Collectorship of Hamilton at this particular juncture is regarded by the *Times* of that city as a very questionable proceeding on the part of the MACDONALD government which our namesake considers to be in the agonies of death. It characterizes the selection as a death-bed appointment, and states that it will be for the BLAKE government to decide whether it will respect the death-bed appointment of the MACDONALD government. When Sir JOHN MACDONALD took office in 1878 he promptly dismissed Mr. WM. BUCKINGHAM, Mr. JOHN L. MACKENZIE and others from the places to which they had been appointed in the dying hours of the MACKENZIE government. What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. In 1873, Sir JOHN MACDONALD filled every vacant office with his partisans, just before his resignation. Mr. MACKENZIE allowed all the appointments to hold good. Sir LEONARD TILLEY, for instance, stepped out of the MACDONALD government and into the Lieut. Governorship of New Brunswick. His gubernatorial term expired with Sir JOHN's term in opposition and Sir LEONARD rejoined the MACDONALD government in 1878. Mr. BLAKE may be as considerate of his opponents' feelings as Mr. MACKENZIE was, but it may happen that he will follow Sir JOHN MACDONALD's example with regard to dismissing fresh appointees. It is about the only matter in which he can follow Sir JOHN's example without sacrifice of self-respect.

MR. BRIGHT AND CANADA.

Mr JOHN BRIGHT, observes the London *Canadian Gazette*, is sometimes spoken of as "Sunset Bright" in that he is thought to have far more sympathy with the past than with the future, with memory than with hope. And, however the accuracy of this simile may be questioned in its general application, it must certainly be said to apply with considerable force to the exposition he has just given us of his views on the Federation question. However greatly others may have changed in their attitude towards the Colonies and Colonial questions, in sympathy with the unmistakable feeling of the day, Mr. BRIGHT remains just where he stood in the fifties, a firm adherent to the Manchester school of thought. Little wonder, then, that he can find no sympathy for the "object and purpose" of the Imperial Federation movement, believing that to unite the Colonies to the Mother country by "political bonds more closely than they now are connected, will tend not so much to permanent union as to discord and separation." On this general ground it is useless to argue with Mr. BRIGHT. His opinion of to-day is his opinion of yesterday, and it will remain his opinion to the end of the chapter. To his mind passing events at home and in the Colonies have no significance, and circumstances which have induced nearly all other British statesmen to join in the general desire for a closer unity, so far as it is possible, and mutually advantageous, find no response in him. Mr. BRIGHT's thoughts are far back in what were known as the Jingo days of British history, and he can recognize no subsequent change in the relative position of affairs. But while it is useless to quarrel with Mr. BRIGHT on this general statement of belief, it is necessary to remind him how far astray he is in the particular illustration he gives in support of his views. "How," he ask, "would your Federation deal with the Fisheries dispute between Canada and the United States? If Canada were an independent State, the dispute would soon be settled, for she would yield to the arguments of her powerful neighbour; and if there was no 'Dominion' of Canada, the dispute would be settled by English concession to the reasonable claims of the Government at Washington." Arguments! Reasonable claims! Has Canada, then, no arguments and no reasonable claims worthy of consideration? Mr. BRIGHT has always been regarded as an exponent of American as against British views, and he has evidently not yet given up his vocation. His argument is plainly this: Canada is strong now because she has the Imperial Government at her back. Were she alone, might would prevail. Hence, despite the merits of the case, let us hasten the isolation of Canada that this everlasting question may once and for all be settled. It was just such a total disregard of Colonial rights that lost England her American Colonies in the last century, and it only needs a continuance upon the same lines to bring about a similar result as regards the existing Colonies of the British Crown. But happily the day for such argument is gone. Canada has been firm in the maintenance of the rights which she obtained by fair and open treaty, and the Imperial Government, putting into practice what Mr. BRIGHT only knows in theory, has been "just and conciliatory to the Colonies," and has not hesitated, irrespective of party, to support Canadians in the strong position they have taken up. It is not by such a disregard of Canada's "reasonable claims" as Mr. BRIGHT would advocate, that the fisheries question can be satisfactorily settled. It is rather by a mutual respect of undoubted rights so long as those rights exist, and by the speedy rectification, by means of the peaceful arbitration Canada still desires, of any hindrances which stand in the way of a mutually beneficial interchange of commercial advantages.

THE QUEBEC AGONY.

Thank Heaven, observes the Montreal *Shareholder*, for the sake of the Conservative party, the leeches who have hung on so long to the government benches of Quebec have been booted out. No such spectacle in modern times has been witnessed as this usurpation of constitutional rights by men calling themselves Conservatives, which they are not, and could not claim under the recent circumstances. A true Conservative would have respected the result of the recent electoral contest. The Liberals showed their colors on gaining office by making an immediate rush for the Treasury boxes and proclaiming with loud voices that the big box behind the Treasury door was empty and full of cobwebs, denoting that no coin had been in it for a long time. Nevertheless the accession to office by men of this party will be a God-send. Most of them want a new suit of clothes and in most cases a change of linen is badly needed. High collars and French kid gloves will hold carnival for some time among the new ministerial benches; meanwhile all the authorities, legal and financial, will be ransacked for the purpose of helping them to pile up new taxes, for an already over-ground people.

IMMENSE SUCCESS

BIG SALES OF

Dry Goods

AT

Popular Prices

All our Winter Stock of Ladies and Children's Jackets, Dolmans, Wraps, Wool Shawls are still further Reduced in price.

Latest Styles in Fur Capes, Silk Waterproofs, Fur-Lined Circular Dolmans, &c., are all to be sacrificed to

CASH!

Ten Cents on the Dollar is still the big incentive, and we continue to give that discount for ready money.

Children's Handsome Ulsters from 40 cents.

Woolen Stockings from 10 cents per pair.

Come to the

ALBIONHOUSE

And Save 25 per cent.

BROWN & WHITE,

Government Street.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS

Did you ever buy any DRY GOODS or MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS that have pleased you as well or gave you such satisfaction as the Goods bought at our Store?

25 inch Grey Homespun Dress Goods	$ 20
25 inch Dress Flannels, black any colors	25
25 inch do. do. All Wool	35
42 inch Cashmeres Black and Colors	40
44 inch French do. do.	65
25 inch Scotch Homespuns Dress Goods in Light and dark Grey	35
26 inch Fine Black Velveteen	60
26 inch Colored do.	75
50 DOZEN	
Size 17x36 Linen Towels	12½
24 Yds., Unbleached Cotton for	1 00
12 Yds., do. do. Heavy	1 00
12 Yds., Canton Flannel	1 00
3 Yds., Wide Unbleached Sheeting	25
2 Yds., Wide White do. do.	35
12 Yds., White Cotton	1 00
9 Yds., do. Fine 36 inches Wide	1 00
15 DOZEN	
Ladies Cashmere Hose	40
40 DOZEN	
Ladies Cashmere Hose, Seamless	50
100 PAIRS	
Ladies Coraline Corsets in Gold and Scarlet per Pair	75
50 PAIRS	
Crompton's Coraline Corsets	1 00
75 PAIRS	
The famous Coiled Wire	1 25
A full line of Blankets and Comforters at our usually low prices	
Mens Heavy Wool Undershirts	75
Mens Scarlet do. do.	90
Mens Vicuna Merino	1 15
Mens Lambs Wool $1.25 $1.37	1 50
All Wool Sox per pair	25
Mens Heavy Home Knitt 3 for	1 00

ARGYLE HOUSE,

CLARENCE BLOCK,

DOUGLAS STREET.

WM. O'REILLY, Manager.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures. jan13 D&W

S. S. HYAMS,

OPTICIAN, 207 Fort Street between Broad and Douglas, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight. Twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec23 12m

Yorkshire Market,

ESTABLISHED 1886.

W. W. EVANS & CO.,

Yates Street, between Government and Broad.

Beef and Pork Packers. Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard. Every class of stock pertaining to the business. apr27 ly

CLOTHING AT COST!

A Genuine Clearance Sale of Clothing AT COST FOR CASH,

Prior to Stock Taking, will take place at

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,

Commencing MONDAY January 17th, and Continuing Thirty Days.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Overcoats.

Men's, Youth's and Boys' Pants.

All to be Sold at Cost Price, for Cash, at

THE GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE, - - YATES STREET.

jan15

THE GENUINE

BELL ORGAN.

MANUFACTURED BY W. BELL & CO., GUELPH, ONT.,

Is the pioneer in Canada, is today the only recognized High Class Instrument manufactured in the country.

The Superiority of the Bell Organ has been demonstrated at all the World's Fairs, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Intending purchasers will do well to call on the AGENTS FOR VICTORIA,

C. A. LOMBARD & Co.,

Government Street.

sep18

THE SUN LIFE Assurance Company OF CANADA.

Head Office: 164 St. James Street, Montreal.

Assets ... $1,400,000
New Business during 1886 ... $3,527,000

Don't Travel without an ACCIDENT POLICY in the SUN LIFE.

1. The SUN is a Home Company, investing all its funds in Canada, and has been a special boon to Canadian Assurers.
2. It is a strong and prosperous Company, with large and well invested assets.
3. Its rates are low and its profits to Policy-holders large and equitably divided.
4. The SUN alone issues an absolutely Unconditional Policy. There is no "ifs" or "provisions" about it. It is short, clear and straightforward. The only condition is the payment of premiums.
5. The SUN has not one contested or disputed Claim on its Books.

J. E. CRANE, General Agent for British Columbia

Office—Room 8, Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

[illegible]

The Cash Store!

ERSKINE'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

Corner Government & Johnson Sts.

BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

If you will call on us you will find that our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES is well-selected throughout. We make a SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING; for neatness we cannot be beat. You will find us at

112 Government Street. IRVING BROS.

Kings Head Beer Hall, JOHNSON STREET

THE old favorably well known House has been splendidly renovated and ranks now amongst the finest fitted up Houses in the town. Wm. White late of the Fountain Saloon, will be happy to see all his old friends and acquaintances, and the aim of the establishment shall be, as in the past, to make the above resort in every respect as comfortable for their guests as possible.

DOERING AND WHITE.

BEER A SPECIALTY, FIVE CENTS A GLASS. jan13

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District comprising 160 acres of excellent land about 100 acres on the Flats and under cultivation which produces enormous crops of grain and roots. A great number of cattle, horses, hogs, poultry, etc., and all necessary farm implements including self-binder, mowers, etc. The owner also keeps a store and does a very good general business on the place. For further particulars and terms apply to the owner, [illegible] Farm, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. [illegible] & Co., Victoria. aug20 D&W

FOR SALE.

The Victoria House, Dry Goods Business,

ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS, AND NOW DOing a profitable trade.

The undersigned wishing to retire, offers the well assorted Stock for sale on [illegible].

The brick store, 25x70, with fixtures complete, can be leased for a term of years, also the brick Warehouse in the rear, with entrance from Broad Street.

WILLIAM DENNY,
Government St., Victoria, B. C.

The business will be carried on as usual giving the very best value for cash. jan10

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery, is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure malts, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.

HENNING PETERS,
Empire Brewery,
Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C.

[illegible] tf

Glasgow and London FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital	$1,461,000
Government Deposit	100,000
Reserve	212,000
Premiums	1,000,000
Assets in Canada	183,833

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

Glasgow and London Building, MONTREAL.

H. MARSHALL LANG, General Manager London, England.

JAMES BURNS,

Agent for British Columbia—Office, Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.

Every description of Fire Insurance effected at Lowest Rates.

Samuel May & Co., TORONTO.

Manufacturers of

Billiard & Pool Tables,

With Steel and Monarch Cushions.

Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of

BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley Balls Pins, &c.

Always in stock — the B. C. Agency.

R. G. & R. WALKER,
Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

COMPLETE REVOLUTION IN Monumental Work.

Drawings and testimonials may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria.

R. G. & R. WALKER,
nov20 D&W 6m Spencer's Arcade

John Weiler,

MANUFACTURER OF

FURNITURE

OF ALL GRADES,

And Importer of

Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

—AGENT FOR DOMINION

WIRE MATTRESSES,

Only Mattress Manufactured in Canada using Oil Tempered Springs; awarded First Prize wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading institutions throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine them. Also

IRON BEDSTEADS

Combined with above Mattress.

The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C.

[illegible]

SAUSAGE SEASON 1886.

JULIUS BARRAN

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER,

Yates St., Next the Clarence.

I beg to notify my customers that I am now prepared to supply the TRADE with the very best Sausages of any kind. I make large QUANTITIES of the BEST quality of Fresh Sausages. I use only the best quality of meat, and the finest and most necessary spices that I can procure, and with careful labor and most attentive and complete MACHINERY, I am able to supply the trade with a FIRST-CLASS ARTICLE at a moderate price. At the same time I do not pretend to compete with the poor stuff that is offered to the public by others in the trade who have not the facilities. All who use good sausages, are not clean and are able to make a good article. The good qualities of BARRAN'S SAUSAGES are known throughout the whole Province, and every one should give them a trial.

de18 JULIUS BARRAN.

FOR SALE,

Craigflower Steam Mills

Now doing a good business. Capable of making the best article of

OATMEAL

In the Province. Also,

A PEARL BARLEY MILL

Together with a SAWMILL, 30-inch Saw. An Oatmeal Miller will find this a rare opportunity. Apply to

[illegible] [illegible]

JOSEPH SEARS,

House & Sign Painter,

Glazier, Paper Hanger,

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Colors, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass and Wall Paper.

YATES ST., ABOVE DOUGLAS.

[illegible]

THE CANALS OF MARS.

SCHIAPARELLIS' DISCOVERY CONFIRMED BY OTHERS.

Supposed Artificial Water Courses Discovered in Mars by the Director of the Milan Observatory—Phenomena of a Startling Character.

The discovery of a network of so-called canals upon the planet Mars by Schiaparelli several years ago has been confirmed this year by observers both in England and Italy. In 1877, Mars, being on the same side of the sun as the earth was, and in that part of its orbit which brought it unusually close to the earth, shone with great splendor in the midnight sky. It was under these favorable circumstances that Professor Hall, with the huge telescope that had just been set up at Washington, caught sight of two small moons revolving close around Mars, and moving so swiftly that they might almost be compared to little golden shuttles playing back and forth on either side of the ruddy planet's disk. The fame of this discovery was so great, and the delight of the astronomers, who found here a new and totally unexpected test of the laws of planetary motion, so unbounded, that another discovery, made at the same time, received comparatively little attention. This other discovery, was the work of the keen eyed director of the Milan observatory, M. Schiaparelli. He found that the equatorial regions of Mars were intersected by long narrow lines which resembled in color those spots that are believed to be seas, and which began and ended in these Martian seas, thus indicating a close connection between them.

The shape of the supposed water courses suggested the name "canals," which was applied to them. Some astronomers of reputation argued that they really were canals constructed by the suppositious inhabitants of Mars; and to the objection that the canals were too large to admit of the supposition that they could be artificial works—some being sixty miles or more broad—they replied that since the force of gravity upon Mars is very much less than upon the earth, the inhabitants of that planet might attain a proportionately greater stature and a muscular power and agility that would enable them to undertake works utterly beyond the capacity of terrestrial men. This sort of speculation tended to bring Schiaparelli's really brilliant discovery into derision, particularly among those whose telescopes did not reveal the phenomena he had detected. But Schiaparelli insisted that he had seen what he had seen, and his discovery was defended by his well established reputation as an observer.

In 1879, Mars being once more favorably situated, he saw his canals again, and discovered a number of new ones, and in the fall and winter of 1881-2 he repeated his observations. On these last two occasions he made a still more surprising discovery, namely, that the canals, or many of them, were double. Right alongside those which he had seen before, and following the same direction, he detected new canals. He made a map of Mars on Mercator's projection, and in this map the whole surface of the planet, except in the polar regions, is seen covered with a network of dark stripes running in pairs, intersecting the continents in every direction and invariably ending in the surrounding seas.

The manner in which the doubling of the canals was effected was not the least astonishing part of the discovery. They were not all seen double at once. Schiaparelli himself suggested that the phenomenon depended in some way upon the seasons of the planet. One after another the canals would double up. No less than seventeen successively exhibited this appearance in the course of a single month. The new canal would appear at first as a faint streak, barely discernible alongside the old one. It would then rapidly become darker and plainer, until in the course of a few days it was as broad and distinct as the original canal.

This strange doubling of the so-called canals made the whole phenomenon appear to those who were originally inclined to doubt its reality as the result of mere imagination or self-deception on the part of the observer. Schiaparelli himself relates that he was so astounded by what he saw that at first he thought he must be the victim of an "illusion, caused by fatigue of the eye and some new kind of strabismus." But he convinced himself by the most painstaking observations that there was no deception about his discovery. "As things stand," he said, "it would be premature to put forth conjectures about the nature of these canals. As to their existence, I need not say that I have taken every necessary precaution to avoid even the suspicion of illusion, and I am absolutely certain of what I have seen."

Yet, notwithstanding M. Schiaparelli's assurance that the world of Mars really possesses these curious markings, the fact has hitherto rested principally upon his observations alone. To be sure, a few of his canals had been detected several years before his original observation, notably by Dawes, but nobody besides Schiaparelli had beheld the phenomenon on any such scale as was exhibited in his map. But now confirmation of his discoveries comes from two most trustworthy sources. During the opposition of Mars this year Mr. Denning, of Bristol, and MM. Thollon and Perrotin, of Nice, undertook careful telescopic studies of the planet's surface. Mr. Denning was able to detect the existence of Schiaparelli's canals, although they were very faint lines as he saw them, and he did not perceive them double. Nevertheless, he saw enough to convince him that there was no deception in the Italian astronomer's observations.

MM. Perrotin and Thollon, in the purer skies of Nice, were able to accomplish much more. They plainly saw the double canals of Schiaparelli, and also detected the curious and rapid changes in the appearance of those objects that so astonished their original discoverer. Schiaparelli himself at about the same time rediscovered the double canals.—New York Sun.

Refinement in the Kitchen.

"A perfectly millennial girl came to me yesterday to see about a situation for one of her friends just after I had engaged an untutored, intelligence office maid," says a Boston housekeeper. "This ideal creature had The Century in her hand. She had evidently been reading it as she came up in the horse cars. She had on an extremely simple, well fitting dress and jacket, and she spoke much better English than my Latin school son, except when he is on his good behavior. She told me that she lives with Mrs. B.; then I remembered about her. She has lived with my friend seven years. All of the family think everything of her. She is simply a piece of domestic perfection, and she knows it and is proud of it, and makes it her mission to try to get other girls to be like her. She said her friend is very much like her—what a pity I haven't a chance to try her!

"You ought to have heard her talk, it, with my friend could come to you, she said. I think it is so much better for a girl to live in a family of refinement and culture where she knows it is her place to serve and where she fills it than to live with commoner people who may try to make her feel 'her place' too hard.' Yes, that's the way she talked. She said exactly those words, 'refinement and culture.' Wouldn't it be a supernal state of things if she should have a few disciples! She likes her work and respects herself in it, and makes it really her responsibility and her interest. No wonder that the family she serves all look happy and healthy. No wonder her mistress looks a year prettier and younger every succeeding winter!"—Boston Record.

Back window sills are made more attractive if painted a soft green or red and filled with some plant. An oblong box of live-forever or creeping Charlie will grow luxuriantly and require but little care.—Chicago Herald.

MODERN SHAMS IN SOCIETY.

The Many Deceptions and the False Glitter Which It Contains—Unreal Virtues.

Nothing is so clearly apparent to the intelligent observer of modern society as the many deceptions and the false glitter which it contains. There are social circles into which one may enter where the false and deceptive find no place, but these are in the minority. Glance at the average society of to-day, and there is but little in it that is really what one supposes it to be. How often is it that we find men and women carrying impressions of wealth and station far beyond their real income! Dignity is found to be only pretension, refinement an artificial gloss, and intelligence but a verbal display. White satin dresses are worn where the plainest muslin is scarcely within the wearer's income; broadcloth, where the simplest business suit, if honestly paid for, would almost be a draft upon the revenue received. Flowers are worn in profusion, jewelry loaned and carriages hired by those to whom the acquirement of the necessities of daily life is a struggle.

Society, instead of being made a great compact designed to promote the good of men and women, is used only as a cunning contrivance to palm off unreal virtues, and give to the unsophisticated wrong and injurious impressions. Host and hostess share in the general deception with their guests, although neither is conscious of the other's deceit. The china on the table of the hostess is admired and its possession envied by her guest, while the former in return is driven to a maddening inward jealousy at the gorgeous garments of her guest. The guest knows not that the china is loaned, the hostess is ignorant of the unpaid bill of the dressmaker. The furniture, heavy portieres and expensive draperies are examined with admiration, and so fixed becomes the attention of the guest upon the embellishments of the home of her hostess that no room is left in the mind for a suspicion of a plan of purchase commonly known as the "instalment."

The young man, with only a cursory knowledge of the cost of feminine apparel, regards what is only inexpensive silk or satin as the richest goods the market affords. The young lady, in turn, silently calculates her chaperone's income by the flowers he sends, the liveried carriage in which he escorts her to the reception, and the full dress suit in which he is arrayed. Her untutored mind knows not the existence of places where a lunch may be had by a modest indulgence in beverage, and establishments where clothing is sold for a night.—Brooklyn Magazine.

THE CRIMINALS OF SIBERIA.

A Country Full of Tramps—Dangerous to Travelers—Officials Not Attacked.

Siberia is best known to the rest of the world as the land of exiles. Since the time of Peter the Great it has been the place of banishment for those who offend against the sovereign of Russia and his laws. Ordinarily from 10,000 to 12,000 criminals are sent there every year; the occasional revolts in Poland and the present spread of Nihilism through the empire add more or less largely to the involuntary emigration. In some years 20,000 or 30,000 exiles, including criminals and politicals, have been sent to Siberia, and of this great number comparatively few are ever returned to Europe. It naturally follows that Siberia is filled with an undue proportion of the criminal classes.

Many of the criminal exiles have been sent there for small offenses, and are consequently of the category of simple detenus, or "detained in the country." They can do pretty much as they like, as long as they do not return to Europe; can wander from place to place, and take any employment that is open to them. The result is, the country is full of tramps, and on occasions when there is a chance of making an honest penny by highway robbery the tramps are not slow to embrace it. In the winter the weather is too cold for their operations, and they mostly hibernate in the towns, like the tramps of enlightened America, so that the roads are comparatively safe, but if you carry any baggage in the rear of your sleigh it must be fastened with chains, and not with ropes, which can be cut away. In the spring the tramp's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of rural strolling, and he continues to wander till the snow falls again.

It is in this period that he is dangerous to the traveler, or, rather, to certain classes of travelers. He does not attack a government courier, as he knows he can and probably will be shot down without mercy, and, besides, the courier does not carry much money about him. The same reasons apply to travelers of the second class; officers on private business and not traveling en courrier, and the game of the Siberian robber consists of the third class travelers—merchants—who are not often armed, and far more likely to have large sums of money about them than are the officials. Besides, the robbery or death of an official would rouse a very unpleasant hue and cry, while the same calamity to a merchant would be—well, it would not make so much trouble for the tramp.—Thomas W. Knox in Cincinnati Enquirer.

Honor Among Newspaper Correspondents.

There is much more honor now among newspaper correspondents than there has been in the past, and the most prominent correspondents of the country have, weekly, intrusted to them secrets which would have a large money value as news, but which they, in honor, do not use. They hear daily expressions of opinions which would ruin men who utter them if they were published but are given in confidence and such confidence is seldom violated. No one understands the effect of a statement upon the character of the man interviewed better than the interviewer, and good correspondents often withhold sentiments expressed for publication out of regard for the future of the man interviewed. This, however, is a matter of mere friendship.

If a person talks for publication, the correspondent has a right to report him just as he talks, whether the words he says be his political death warrant or the magic sesame which opens the doors of the presidential mansion. In reporting a private conversation, however, the correspondent has no right to use matter which he does not know will be acceptable to the man of whom he talks. If the correspondent is a well known newspaper man the supposition is that every conversation he has is in the line of his business, is intended for publication, and the public man should expect to see such a conversation reported in print without he makes a special request to the contrary.—Frank G. Carpenter in Cleveland Leader.

A Good Investment.

A young man in Cleveland, who invested several thousand dollars in an undeveloped silver mine, was taken to task by a former business friend of his father's, who said:

"I can't see what on earth possessed you to make such an investment."

"Well, I started out with a determination never to invest in any stocks which could shrink."

"But this stock——"

"Can't possibly go lower. I bought it for three cents on the dollar, and the seals on the certificates are worth four cents each for tags on plug tobacco."—Wall Street News.

Reclaiming Waste Lands.

In his new report on the work of the geological survey Prof. Powell estimates that there are 100,000 square miles of coast lands in this country made valueless by inundations, which, by use of the proper means, can probably be placed among the richest agricultural lands in the United States. His department is now studying the swamp lands and marshes of the Atlantic coast to ascertain the practicability of reclaiming them.—New York Sun.

Queen Kapiolani, of Hawaii.

Queen Kapiolani, the consort of King Kalakaua of Hawaii, will arrive at San Francisco next August, when she will begin a tour of the United States.—Inter Ocean.

Dominion Elections.

To the Electors of Vancouver Island District for the House of Commons.

GENTLEMEN,—

I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the coming Dominion Election for the representation of your important district in the Parliament of Canada.

I again solicit your confidence as a firm supporter of the Liberal Conservative party, whose wise policy has raised the Dominion of Canada to her present exalted position.

I will hold public meetings wherever I find it possible to do so, of which due notice will be given and at which I will give an account of my stewardship during the four years that I have had the honor of representing you in the House of Commons.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Yours truly,
D. W. GORDON.

Nanaimo, Jan. 17th, 1887. jan18-dw

To the Electors of the City of Victoria District.

GENTLEMEN:

I again offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election, as a Conservative, but not as a slave to any party. My platform will be: (1) The well-being of Victoria and District, which has been entirely overlooked; (2) Vancouver Island and its varied interests; (3) British Columbia in general; (4) The Dominion and its people. As Mayor of the city, I feel it will enable me to bring before the Dominion Government those varied interests with greater force and effect.

Yours, &c.,
JAMES FELL.

Victoria, Jan. 19. jan19

To the Electors of Vancouver District.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been requested by a large number of Electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as Liberal Conservative Candidate for the House of Commons for your large and important District, I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the favor of your support at the coming election.

I will be pleased to hold public meetings wherever possible as soon as dates can be arranged.

Yours Faithfully,
J. P. PLANTA.

Nanaimo, V. I., Jan. 24th, '87. jan25

To the Voters in the Electoral District of Victoria.

Gentlemen,—I am a candidate for the Ottawa House of Commons as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald.

T. B. HUMPHREYS.

DOMINION ELECTION.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN:—I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the Liberal-Conservative party.

E. CROW BAKER.

Victoria, January 24, 1887. jan25

Dominion Election.

The undersigned announces that he is a candidate for the representation of the Victoria Electoral District in the Commons of Canada, and respectfully solicits the vote and influence of the electors in said District.

W. A. ROBERTSON.
jan 19

To the Electors of Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN:

I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the liberal conservative party.

jan 17 NOAH SHAKESPEARE

Notice to Stockmen.

THE SHORT-HORN DURHAM BULL

"LORNE"

Will be offered for service until further notice at the Farm of the undersigned, Foul Bay. Terms—$5, cash.

The Thorough-bred Berkshire Boar "CONQUEROR"

is also offered for service. Terms—$1, cash.
jan19 1m D&W J. S. SHOPLAND.

BUTTER.

200 Kegs Choice Brockville and Morrisburg BUTTER,

For sale by
THOS. EARLE.
jan8

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.

Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry of all kinds, Guns, Pistols, Trunks and contents, &c., &c.

☞ UNREDEEMED PLEDGES for sale. Business strictly confidential.

44 JOHNSON STREET,
Opposite Railroad Hotel, P.O. Box 331.

PORTLAND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE ST. CHARLES.
C. W. KNOWLES, Proprietor.
Two Hundred Rooms. The Leading Hotel of the Northwest, corner Front and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon. The house has just been thoroughly overhauled, from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all entirely new in appointments. An Otis Elevator has just been introduced, with a capacity for carrying ten tons weight, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground. The St Charles, as now arranged, is undoubtedly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest. The Restaurant, in charge of Chas. Holman, is conducted in first class style and affords visitors every luxury known to the epicure. jan8

CORBETT & MACLEAY,
IMPORTERS
And Wholesale Grocers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon. jan8 D&W

J. McCRACKEN & CO.
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 60, 62 and 64 North Front street, Portland, Oregon. jan8

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION.

J. C. DEVLIN.
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, DeCosmos' block, Government street. Dealer in Eastern Cheese, Butter, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Flour and Oatmeal. Island and Mainland produce handled on Commission. Liberal advances made. Consignments of all kinds of produce solicited. aug20

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 50.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.
Purchase, sell and lease property, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to real estate. Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. feb13

FINANCIAL.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,
BANKERS.
Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight drafts and telegraphic transfers on San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

MARKETS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

C. R. ROBELEE.
CARPENTER, JOINER & CONTRACTOR.
Wharf street, near Johnson, Victoria. All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Houses built on the Instalment plan. Charges moderate. oct10

ARCHITECTS.

E. H. FISHER,
ARCHITECT,
Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria, B. C. P. O. Box —

JOHN TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Government street, Victoria, British Columbia.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

HARRIS & HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS AND ARCHITECTS.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs, Victoria, B. C.

MERCHANTS.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.,
MERCHANTS.
H. C. Beeton & Co.
36 Finsbury Circus
London E.C. Wharf street, Victoria.

GROCERIES.

J. FINLAYSON,
GROCER.
Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C. Dealer in fine family groceries of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice teas and coffee.

IRON WORKS

ALBION IRON WORKS CO. (Lim'td.)
HOME INDUSTRY.
Engines and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.
ANDREW GRAY, Manager.
W. F. BULLEN, Secretary.

TAXIDERMIST.

H. C. HALPENNY,
TAXIDERMIST.
Heads Mounted, Birds and Animals Stuffed with despatch and at reasonable rates. Johnson street, near Quadra, Victoria. dec23 D&W

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in Best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shippers supplied at lowest rates. Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call, 122.

TRANSPORTATION.

W. BUCKETT,
TRUCK AND DRAYMAN.
Begs to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the old stand, Yates Street, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My name will appear on all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Sons', Yates Street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort Street, will receive prompt attention. Aug 1-1mo

FOR SALE.

A PAYING BUSINESS
In New Westminster, B. C., for sale. Six Bedrooms, well furnished, Dining Room and Furniture, Kitchen, with Range, Cooking Utensils and Table Ware. Price $1,200. Reasons for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., Herald office, Vancouver. feb16

MEDICAL.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. Diploma and highest certificate of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street, over Gosnell's grocery store. m27

LEGAL.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
Langley street, Victoria, B. C. | D. M. Eberts, W. J. Taylor.

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured, $700,000,000.
H. D. Helmcken, Agent,
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan31 ly

Notices.

B. C. Milling and Mining Co.,
(LIMITED.)
ASSESSMENT No. 11.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an assessment of one cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above company, payable at the company's Office, Langley Street, Victoria, on or before the 21st day of February, 1887, from and after which date all shares on which the said assessment shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent.

By order of the Directors.
GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.
Dated 21st January, 1887. feb21 D&W

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LEISER HAS BEEN Admitted as a partner in the business of a Dry Goods Merchant, now carried on by Moses Lenz upon Government Street and the concern will henceforth be known as "LENZ & LEISER."
Victoria, Dec. 4, 1886. MOSES LENZ.
GUSTAV LEISER.
Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

NOTICE.

S. ISAACS will continue the fur business at the old stand formerly occupied by J. H. Marer, Government Street.
S. ISAACS.
N. B.—All work guaranteed. dec 21

COAL!

Coal! Coal!

The Central Coal Yard

FOOT OF JOHNSON STREET,

TELEPHONE 13.

The only Coal Yard able to stand the rush and keep the public supplied with a prime quality of

Dry Coal.

All orders filled without delay.

$8. $8.

feb1 lw

COAL! COAL!

The Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company (Limited.)

Best Vancouver Coal

$7 PER TON OF 2000 LBS.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The above Coal is Hand-Picked and of the Best Quality.

WM. CROFT,
OFFICE—FOOT of YATES STREET,
jan21 1m

Wood and Coal.

Consumers, Attention!

VANCOUVER COAL,
Of a superior quality, delivered in any part of the city, at $7 per ton. Also,

GOOD WOOD!

Delivered at current rates PER CORD (or loads).

☞ All orders left at J. FINLAYSON'S store, corner of Broughton and Government streets, or at the SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, will receive prompt attention from the undersigned.
nov27 3m A. C. HOWE.

ISLAND RAILWAY

Cordwood and Timber Yard

RUSSELL'S STATION.

First-Class Cordwood, and full cords guaranteed.
Cedar Posts and Poles for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.

ADAM INNES, Agent.
Corner John and Government Streets
Telephone Call No. 143. jan4

THE OLD RELIABLE JOHN BULL BITTERS,

UNEQUALLED.

A. B. GRAY & CO.,
VICTORIA,
Sole Agents for British Columbia
nov18 D&W

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST. SAN FRANCISCO.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75
No Vacations
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS
☞ Ladies admitted into all departments.
☞ Send for circulars.

A. A. Aaronson,

PAWNBROKER.

Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Contents, or on any Approved Security.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Castoff Clothing purchased. Parties waited on at their residences. INDIAN CURIOS in rare and endless variety. Note the address—Johnson Street, between Broad and Government. oll

Railways and Steamers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway

Is now open for Freight and Passenger Traffic and Trains are running through

Between Port Moody, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. Paul, Chicago,

And all points in CANADA and the UNITED STATES.

The equipment of this line is all new and of the highest class. Our Sleeping and Dining Cars are luxurious, and our First and Second Class Coaches marvels of comfort. The Cuisine of our Dining Cars is unequalled; every luxury of the season is served in them.

We run the gamut of the finest scenery in the world—Mountains, Lakes, Streams and Prairie.

Smooth, well ballasted Steel Track. **NO DUST. FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS**

When Going East Purchase TICKETS via Canadian Pac Railway.

☞ MARK AND CONSIGN YOUR FREIGHT BY THIS LINE.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car, Berths, and all information, apply at Office of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company (L'd.), Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.; or, C. P. R. Agent, Port Moody.

G. A. CARLETON, Freight Agent.
D. E. BROWN, District Freight and Passenger Agent.
D. E. BUNKO, Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 2
Taking effect July 12, 1886.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO
Port Moody and Vancouver,
Daily except Monday, at 3 o'clock.
Moodyville and Hastings,
Wednesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock.
Port Moody to Victoria,
Daily except Monday, at 1:30 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria,
Daily except Monday, at 12:30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA
For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island,
Monday at 4 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
Plumper Pass,
Friday, at 7 o'clock.
Port Hammond,
Monday at 6 o'clock, Friday at 7 o'clock
Leaves Port Hammond for Victoria,
Monday at 13 o'clock,
Friday at 10 o'clock
Leaves New Westminst'r for Victoria,
Tuesday, at 4 a. m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass,
Tuesday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Leaves New Westminster for Hope, Chilliwhack, Sumass, and way Landings
Tuesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
Leaves Hope for New Westminster and way Places
Monday and Wednesday at 3 o'clock.
Leaves Chilliwhack, 4 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 12 minutes faster than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for

HONOLULU, AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY,
WITHOUT CHANGE

THE MAGNIFICENT 3000 TON Iron Steamer
MARIPOSA,
February 12th ....at 2 P. M.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

☞ For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., 327 Market Street, San Francisco, California.
nov26

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for

Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Sydney..........................Feb. 12
City of Rio de Janeiro...............March 3
City of New York.......................March 24

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail 5th, 15th, 25th and 30th of each month for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents.
aug 4 San Francisco.

CHAS HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Langley Street, Victoria.

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENCY.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,

To or from Great Britain or the Continent,

Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.

HALL & GOEPEL,
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

NOTICE.

Just Received from Eastern Markets, a Fine Line of

Chinchilla & Cheviot

SATIN LINED

OVERCOATS

Ordered expressly for my customers.

Fur Capes and Cuffs for gentlemen; Boys Fancy Overcoats; Fur Capes for men and Boys.

—ALSO—

Tweed Pants, from $3 upwards; Black walking Coats; at $9.50 each; Pea Coat, $3.50 each; Diagonal Suits at $3 per suit. And a full line of *Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Hats, Trunks, Notions, Etc.*

LEWIS LEWIS,
YATES STREET. no 23-1m

BROWN'S Climax Washing Powder.

Awarded First Prize at B. C. Exhibition. Increased sales. REDUCED PRICES. Large packages, 40c; do. small, 20c. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

W. JACKSON, Jr., Manufacturer's Agent, Corner Broad and Johnson Streets. lsep3

Portland Advertisem'ts.

Dr. SPINNEY

Multnomah Block, opposite Post-office,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, ALL CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence solicited and prompt attention given thereto. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. jan8

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

Royal Flour.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1882, 1883, 1884. | Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics' Fair 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

☞ ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 25 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Hodgin, the Baker who bought it the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.
PORTLAND AGENT:
ALEX. GRANT,
4 Stark street.

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family, Windsor, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.
ISOM, LANNING & CO.
aug 14 tf Proprietors.

"ALMOST"

Given Away for 12 Months, and Premium Thrown In.

IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH A CIRCULATION of 100,000 copies a month of the LADIES' DOMESTIC MAGAZINE, the publishers have decided to give a useful premium in addition to a years subscription of this able and instructive SIXTEEN PAGE MAGAZINE to any one sending 25c. before the 31st January. This Magazine is devoted to the interest of the Ladies; it is full of Instructions and general information combining selections from all the leading Magazines and Journals of Home and abroad with original subjects pertaining to Domestic affairs and the advancement and welfare of the Ladies throughout America. It is the Cheapest and Best publication of the kind in Canada. No Home should be without it, as every Miss, Maid and Mother will be delighted with its contents. Great inducements offered to those getting up Clubs. Men, Women, Boys, and Girls, write for full particulars. From one to five dollars a day can be added to regular income by getting subscribers for this indispensable Magazine. Every family will want it and will have it as soon as they see the first issue, which will be distributed at the end of January. Send 25c. at once and secure the premium and start with our first issue. Remember 25c. pay entitles to the regular subscription. The above offer holds good until the 31st January only.

Address, ASHBURY MILES, Business Manager, STANSTEAD, P. Q. Stamps taken.
dec 20 15 tapl 10

COCKLE'S

ANTIBILIOUS

PILLS.

The Great English Medicine.

OF PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS, AND WITHOUT MERCURY. USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE AGENTS,
EVANS SONS & MASON, LTD,
MONTREAL.

The Starr Kidney Pad,

A PERMANENT, Sure Cure for Diseases

Disorders and Ailments of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretive System, or Attendant Complaints—causing Pain in Small of Back, Sides, etc., producing Urinary Disorders, such as too frequent, Scanty, Difficult, Painful or Copious Micturition, Inability of Retention and Sedimentary Urine, Dropsical Symptoms, etc., denoting the presence in the system of Disorders common to the Urinary Secretive Organs, known as Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder and prostatic Disorders, Diabetes, Dropsy, Pale Nervous Debility, etc., etc.

Pamphlets and Testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.

PRICES.—Child's Pad, $1.50 (cures bed-wetting); Regular Pad, $2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases $3.00.

"GOOD RESULTS.—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co. of Toronto are again introducing to this province their famous cure, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has crowned their great endeavor for so many distressing diseases. The invariable complaints of deafness and Bright's disease of the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this company's pads, which have secured in the effectual treatment of lame backs and all weakness of the 'brother' and genito-urinary organs."—Victoria Colonist, Sept. 11, 1886.

LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Agents, Victoria, B. C.

Retail by E. Pimbury & Co., Nanaimo, T. Pickard, Duncan, [illegible] Mainland, W. [illegible] A. [illegible] Langley [illegible] and Vancouver; [illegible] Drug Co., Nanaimo. sept 15

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Feb. 12, 1887.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Kokstlah is the name of the new post-office opened in Vancouver district.

—Money saved by having your plans made by Fisher, the Architect. *

—A fine line of water proof coats and umbrellas, cheap at A. Gilmore's, Johnson street. *

—Mr. J. H. Armstrong, of Donald, has gone to Collingwood, Ont., and will be absent a month.

—Skates! Skates!!—A fine assortment of Skates at H. Short's Fort street. *

—On the 1st inst., at Donald, Mrs. Sheriff Redgrave fell and dislocated her shoulder.

—Photographic views along the line of the C. P. R. in B. C., for sale at R. Maynard's, Douglas St. ‡

—T. S. Gosnell, of the Inland Revenue Department, Hamilton, is to be removed to Victoria, B. C.

—Eastern Oysters, fresh every day, at Jon Levy's, by gallon, quart or pint. Same price as Island Oysters. *

—We understand that W. C. Van Horne, general manager of the C. P. R., will visit this coast some time before the end of this month.

—Vancouver *News*: The Princess Louise costs about $3000 a month to run, equal to $100 for each round trip voyage between Victoria and Port Moody.

—Dr. Chisholm received many promises of support during his stay in the terminal city. He is spoken of by the *News* as a "professional" man.

—The Geo. E. Starr brought four sacks of mail, twenty tons freight, four passengers, and a number of sheep—the smallest list for many days.

—The Right Rev. Bishop of New Westminster, now in London, has promised to read a paper on British Columbia before the Royal Colonial Institute in London on the 8th of March.

—Goodwin & Jordan, piano manufacturers, tuning and repairing. Factory Cormorant street, between Douglas and Blanchard. First class work only. Telephone 93; P. O. box 422. *

—P. McMasterson, an unknown here challenges any man in the province to run 100, 200 or 440 yards within six weeks for $200 a side. This is a bold *defi* for some of our sprinters.

—Per Geo. E. Starr from the Sound: Von Volkenburgh, A Bossi & Co, McLachlin, A J Rowbotham & Co, N & Ross, Carne and Munsie, W J Farrell, L Pither, W R Megano.

—The Whatcom *Reveille* says the authorities still permit the Phantom—should be called Ghost or Floating Coffin—to ply on the Island route. It further states that it is simply criminal to let such vessels navigate the Sound waters.

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings' Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call. *

—On Friday last, says the *Reveille*, while the steamer Idaho was being buffeted about by the heavy seas off Fidalgo island, Billy Likins safely paddled across Bellingham Bay from Eliza island to Whatcom in a shovel-nosed canoe.

—Another Candidate.—With pleasure we announce the candidature of A. B. Erskine to supply the Public with Boots and Shoes at most reasonable prices. Cash is his platform; committee rooms corner Government and Johnson streets; all are invited. *

—The Umatilla on her recent trip from here to Portland was compelled to stand off the mouth of the Columbia river for three days, waiting for favorable weather to cross the bar. They passed Cape Flattery last night and could give no information of the stranded vessel.

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B.C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References. *

—The sanitary officer has been suspended by the sanitary committee. The charge preferred against the official, is we believe, that he accepted "presents" from property owners, and was thereby influenced in the discharge of his duties.

—Colonel Herchmer, of the Montreal Police, travelled from Sand Point on the Northern Pacific to Golden City, through the mountain passes, a distance of about 400 miles. The trip occupied twenty-one days, and was performed partly on snow shoes and partly on horseback. Sergt. McDonald accompanied him on the trip.

—Concerning the cold snap of last week the Whatcom *Reveille* says: Let it be recorded that on this, Thursday morning, Feb. 3rd, A. D., 1887, the thermometer on Reveille hill, city of Whatcom, Territory of Washington, of which Puget Sound, is the Italian portion, climatically speaking, touched zero—that is, the mercury in the aforesaid thermometer touched said zero. We desire to be distinctly understood. Nothing is more exasperating than a quibbler—especially when referring to the weather. Have we made this matter sufficiently plain?

A Correction.

The *Colonist* stated this morning that the member for Cassiar has purchased 35 donkeys. That unreliable sheet is wrong, as usual, as the member for Cassiar took only a bill of sale for 32, having left out the three reputed proprietors of the *Colonist*. The fact is that the three last mentioned were considered what packers call "ganches," or crow bait, and not worth taking into account.

Escaped Drowning.

The *Columbian* says that on Saturday last as Rev. Mr. Gill was walking on the ice across the Fraser river from Chilliwhack to Harrison river, on his way to his Sunday appointment at Agassiz, and when about the middle of the river and opposite the mouth of the Harrison river, he broke through the ice, and narrowly escaped finding a watery grave.

Coming to Victoria.

San Francisco, Feb. 11.—The following passengers sailed to-day on the steamship Mexico for Victoria: Mrs. F. D'Arcy, L Dickinson, G P Haldens, Mrs Houghton, D Mills, R Dunn, C Lovejoy, Mrs Moson, J Jackson, Mrs C Hutchinson, Mrs B Heally, Mrs M Dixon, Mrs E Cartnell.

Gems of British Columbia.

Ladies who have had their children's photographs taken at Mrs. R. Maynard's Studio during last year, 1886, and have not received one of her yearly gems through the mail or otherwise, can do so by calling at the studio, Douglas street.*

ORGANS.

We have a few Organs left, which we will sell cheap to clear them out. B. C. Stationery Co.

PIANOS.

We have a few Pianos sent us on consignment, which we will sell CHEAP.

British Columbia Stationery Co., Next door to Post Office.

Installation and Banquet.

The Grand Lodge met again last night, when the grand officers were installed by Past Grand Master Carne, and the appointed officers by Grand Master Davies. After the adjournment of the lodge the members repaired to the Clarence, where a splendid banquet had been prepared by Mr. Richards. Every seat at the table, which was handsomely decorated and arranged in the form of a horse-shoe, was occupied. Grand Master Davies presided, and was ably supported by Deputy Grand Master Meldram and Grand Warden Scott, in the vice chairs. The dinner, as an achievement in the culinary art was superior to anything of the kind ever attempted in the city, and reflected the highest credit upon the Clarence. The usual loyal, patriotic and miscellaneous toasts were proposed and ably responded to. In both the line of speakers and vocalists, there was considerable talent in the room, and the result was that "the feast of reason and the flow of soul" was continued in an uninterrupted stream until an early hour in the morning. Nothing was lacking to contribute to the success of the gathering, and all who were present unite in the opinion that no more pleasant reunion has ever taken place in Victoria.

Presentation.

Last evening, on behalf of the citizens of New Westminster at present sojourning in Victoria, Mr. W. Norman Bole, M. P. P., presented Mr. William McColl with a gold headed ebony cane suitably inscribed. In making the presentation Mr. Bole made a short appropriate, characteristic speech, in which, he expressed the pleasure it gave him of being the medium in thus conveying to the recipient the respect and esteem in which he was held by his fellow citizens of the Royal City as an individual. Mention was made of the fact that Mr. McColl had occupied many positions of trust to which he had been elected by the people there, and that he ever discharged his duties with marked faithfulness and fidelity. Mr. Bole wished him and his bride a long life, health, happiness and every prosperity, and hoped that when a good ripe old age overtook him that the cane now presented would aid him in sustaining his weak frame and limbs in moving about. Others joined in expressions of good wishes for Mr. and Mrs. McColl.

Shameful and Immoral.

The Rev. Geo. McDougall, Methodist missionary in the Northwest in an interview with a *Mail* reporter concerning affairs in that country is reported to have said: "We could not find, nor did we try to find any excuse for the promises made but not fulfilled, for the cut-throat policy of late exhibited and sometimes enforced by officials of the Indian Department, for the shameful and immoral lives of many of the employees of the same. Some of them were a disgrace to the lowest barbarism, let alone civilization." Mr. Noah Shakespeare is a member of the same denomination. It would be interesting to know whether he believes the statements of Mr. McDougall to be correct, and if so, what action did he take or support given to have an investigation into the management of the Indian affairs in the Northwest. It is reported, and we think, correctly that Mr. Shakespeare voted to "burke" the question.

Lecture.

A fair-sized audience, considering the brief notice given, assembled at the Methodist church last night to hear the lecture by Rev. G. Brown, of Sydney, Australia, on "Missionary Life in the South Seas." Mr. Brown has passed many years in civilizing and Christianizing the savages of those antipodean climes, and can describe to a nicety how missionaries are best cooked to suit the refined palates of the cannibal islanders. On this occasion he spoke of the work in Tonga and New Britain, detailing his experience as a missionary, and pictured happy changes that had been wrought from the degradation and darkness of savagery to the present advanced stage of civilization among the natives of those places. Rev. W. W. Percival presided, and at the close a collection was taken up to defray expenses. Rev. Mr. Brown sailed to-day for San Francisco, *en route* to Australia.

From the Capital.

An Ottawa dispatch of the 4th inst. states that the official statement of the Dominion revenue and expenditure for the seven months ending 31st January shows a deficit of $788,272, notwithstanding the enormous additions made to custom taxation last session and the consequent increase of revenue. The revenue collected during the seventh month ending January exceeds that of the same period last year by $2,397,276, but still there is the usual deficit of over three quarters of a million.

The exodus of Civil Service employees from Ottawa to work in outside counties continues. A gang of twenty left for Levis County this morning in charge of one Samon, a House of Commons official.

Mr. A. S. Papineau has issued an address to the electors of Ottawa County, asking support as a follower of Mr. Blake.

Railway Notes.

From the Seattle *Press* the following is gleaned: General Canfield is watching the progress of Canadian politics which will culminate this month in the sustaining or the overthrowing of the Macdonald ministry. In either event Gen. Canfield expects the pending negotiations between the Seattle and Bellingham Bay Railway and Navigation Company and the Canadian Pacific will come to a head and work on the road will proceed to completion. Supt. Richards is busily preparing a fine suite of offices for the Bellingham Bay Railway and Navigation Company, in the Yesler-Leary building. Gen. Canfield said to a *Press* reporter that he had an engagement to meet Vice-President Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific, at Victoria on the 21st of this month.

Five Days in a Blizzard.

Modiste Bernier, a Frenchman, was brought into Calgary from the north in a frozen condition, a week or two ago, and has since died. He was about 38 years of age, a native of Bordeaux, France, and formerly lived in British Columbia. He started to walk to Edmonton, with only a small quantity of food in a bundle he carried, and got lost in a blizzard. For 5 days he wandered about, keeping life in his body by the remnant of food he possessed, and by lighting fires at night. He became so exhausted that when the Indians found him he was creeping about on his hands and knees, with the extremities more or less frozen.

3 POINTERS.

Which will show experienced Judges of Value where Bargains are to be had:

1st. All Wool Grey Flannel, 25c per Yard.

2nd. Women's Merino Hosiery, 12½c per pair.

3rd. Wool Goods, in all styles, at Cost.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE, Yates St.

JOHN PARTRIDGE, Proprietor.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.

Another Fool Who Didn't Know it Was Loaded.

At Albina, opposite Portland, on Thursday, Mrs. Mary Newton was shot and killed by E. W. James in the following manner, as told by himself: "I am employed at the Portland flouring mills, and also take care of beacons in the river, lighting them at night. About 4 o'clock I started to attend to my beacons, taking my gun, expecting to get a few ducks. I passed Mrs. Newton's house and stopped at George Armstrong's, he having said he would go with me, as he had done the night before. I went in the house, and while waiting for him I began laughing and talking with his wife and several other people. One of them, a man named Charley, a boarder at Mrs. Newton's, took up my gun and asked if it was loaded. I told him yes. It had two or three loads in it. He then asked me again seriously if it was loaded, and I told him so, for I thought it was not. I was sitting at this time at one side of the door and getting up from the chair, I said, "give me the gun," and turning to the door, I saw Mrs. Newton, who had one foot on the threshold. Thinking to frighten her I leveled the gun and pulled the trigger, the muzzle not being more than two feet from her breast. At the report of the gun Mrs. Newton fell, and not knowing what I did I ran to my own house, where I staid until the constable came, when I gave myself up."

On being examined it was found that a heavy load of duck shot had entered her left breast just above the heart, tearing a great hole two inches in diameter. Mrs. Newton was in the habit of taking milk to the Armstrongs, and had a pail of milk in her hand when the deplorable accident occurred. James is a man 28 or 30 years old and has a wife and one child. Mrs. Newton was about 60 years old, and leaves a large family, who are almost distracted over the affair.

PROVINCIAL COURT.

(Before E. Johnson, S. M.)

The charge against James Slattery an John Snyder, who were accused with the larceny of a quantity of oak staves from the Lenevue estate some time ago, was dismissed by the magistrate on the ground that the removal of the staves had not been proven. Some time ago Slattery and Snyder were fined for trespassing upon the property mentioned, and for cutting down several oak trees. They pleaded that they had unwittingly crossed the line and cut the trees on the wrong property; and having paid for their error and the value of the trees, they thought they had the right to remove them. When they attempted to do so, E. M. Johnson, the agent for the property, stepped in and prevented them carrying out their intentions, and preferred a charge of larceny against them. Mr. Gannaway appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. T. Davie for the defence. There was a scene during the examination of Mr. E. M. Johnson, by Mr. Davie, and compliments were exchanged that were of a decidedly hostile character; a repetition outside, of the offensive terms, it was intimated, would lead to personal chastisement. The charge, however, was dismissed and for the present the matter rests.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Mr. E. Johnson, S. M.)

Ah Chung, charged with assaulting Wm. Smith, with the intention of stabbing him, was remanded and admitted to bail in $50. The alleged assault occurred on Fisgard street, after a dispute.

PERSONALS.

At the Clarence: James Kane, Kingston, N Y; Ed Allen, M P P, Clinton.

Mr. James Burns, of this city, accompanied the party who went north yesterday on the Maude.

Passengers per Geo. E. Starr to-day: R T Rossett, Hardy, Miss Davidson, J R Taylor, A Richards.

Campaign Comments.

Mr. Jas. Colville has withdrawn from the contest in New Westminster district. Messrs. McGillivray, Trapp and Chisholm are now the only candidates in the field. The first and the last mentioned are independent supporters of Sir John Macdonald. Mr. Trapp is a Liberal.

The meeting to-night in Denny's Hall is for the purpose of organization. Every elector who is not in accord with the general policy of the Dominion government, and is prepared to oppose the candidates running in the interest of that party, is invited to be present. If deemed advisable an association will be formed.

Mayor Fell might be elected where he to resign the civic chair. But handicapped with the dual office, he will run ahead of Mr. Baker, who will get left by a large majority. Mayor Fell cannot attend to his duties as Mayor and be absent at Ottawa for four or five months. The knowledge of that fact by the electors will induce many to vote for one of the other candidates. Ex-Coun. Robertson reports good progress, and Hon. T. B. Humphreys is sanguine of success. But they are birds of a feather, and, parrot-like, whistle the same tune. So far as principle, or party, is concerned, the electors have no choice.

It is stated that G. Ferguson will oppose James Reid in Cariboo. It was expected that the latter gentleman would be returned by acclamation, but the opposition may be withdrawn before nomination day.

In Yale, the election will very likely be by acclamation. Mr. Semlin has been pressed to enter the field, but declined doing so at present.

A Good Showing.

The New York *Financial and Commercial Chronicle* prints an elaborate review of the business of the Northern Pacific for the first half of the fiscal year ending June 7, 1887, which shows that after the payment of operating expenses and all charges against the earnings account, that company had a surplus of $826,920, against a surplus of $630,290 for the six months ending December 31, 1885, and of $690,286 in 1884. A statement is also given showing the funded debt outstanding January 1, 1887, to be $74,451,821; $72,445,821 on July 1, 1886, and $72,594,921 on January 1, 1886. The increase in the funded debt represents the newly constructed road and added equipment. The amount of preferred bonds outstanding January 1st was $37,[illegible] against $[illegible] on January 1, 1886, and $[illegible] on January 1, 1885.

Loss of Cattle.

In a letter received by a gentleman in this city from Nicola, it is stated that the cold was from 41° to 51° below zero during the late cold snap, and that in the writer's opinion from forty to fifty per cent. of the cattle in the interior would be lost. The loss to cattle ranchers will, if this estimate is correct, be enormous. East of the mountains many dead cattle were observed by passengers on the cars, some of them frozen stiff on their feet.

A Challenge.

I. P. McMasterson will run a foot race with any man in B. C., distance 100, 200, or 440 yards for two hundred dollars; the race to take place six weeks from the date of this notice or from the signing of articles. P. McMasterson, Colonial Hotel, city. *

The Reward of True Merit.

The unprecedented sale of *Boschee's German Syrup* within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians, as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the cause of the trouble, heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price, 75 cts., large bottles.

The royal yachts Victoria and Albert is under orders to be fit for service by the last week in March.

ANYONE Can earn from two to five dollars a day by soliciting subscribers for the New Ladies' Domestic Magazine to be published in January. It is the best household paper in Canada, subscription only $[illegible], per year, bound to sell. The publishers are determined to secure a circulation of 50,000 to start with, and will send the Magazine for a whole year and a valuable present for $[illegible]. Just think of it, this offer remains good for 30 days only. Address

ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager,

Jan 13 D&W St. Ontario, P. Q.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York.

Victoria Transfer Co.

(LIMITED.)

REDUCTION OF Hack Rates.

The following exceptionally low HACK and LIVERY RATES will apply until further notice:

From the Stand to any point within the city limits, one person... 25
Driving by the hour, each hour... $1 00
Dinner Parties and Theatres, to and from... 1 00
To Trains and Steamers, each person... 75
Balls and Parties, each Carriage... 2 00
To and from Church, each Carriage... 1 00

Hacks furnished any hour of Day or Night.

TELEPHONE CALL 129.

Regular customers having monthly accounts of over $[illegible] will be entitled to a discount of 10 per cent. on above rates.

Having a large number of Carriages, the Company are always in a position to fill all orders.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WING Kee has withdrawn from the firm of Hip Long & Co., Chinese Merchants of Cormorant street, and all his connection with the said firm has ceased. Notice is also given that the said firm will not be responsible for any debts contracted or accounts due by the said Wing Kee from henceforth.

KWONG YUEN, Manager Hip Long Co.

Victoria, Feb. 12, 1887.

The Ladies of Saanich will hold a

SOCIAL DANCE

Agricultural Hall, South Saanich,

ON FRIDAY, FEB. 25,

For the benefit of a Widow with seven young children. Admission $1. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

THE BISHOP'S CLOSE

Ladies' Working Party

WILL HOLD A SALE OF WORK OF USEful Clothing and some Fancy Articles, at the

CATHEDRAL SCHOOL,

THURSDAY, Feb. 17, from 11 to 5.

Proceeds will be devoted to the Diocesan Mission Fund.

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of February 14th for the erection of a Two-story Brick Building for Leslie Willis, Esq.

Plans may be seen at my office.

The right to reject any or all tenders is reserved.

E. H. FISHER, Architect.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to purchase 640 acres of land, situated and described as follows:

Commencing at northwest corner of H. E. Jackson's claim, thence due west 80 chains, more or less, to Sooke river, thence southerly following Sooke river to the north boundary of Section [illegible], Sooke District; thence N. E. along said boundary line to the northeast corner of said Section [illegible]; thence southerly along the eastern boundaries of Sections 49, [illegible], Sooke District, thence easterly along the north boundaries of Sections [illegible] to westerly boundary of H. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north to point of commencement.

MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON.

Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situated and described as follows:

Commencing at N. E. corner of H. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north 40 chains, thence due west [illegible] chains, more or less, to Sooke River, thence southerly along Sooke river 40 chains, thence due east [illegible] chains to point of commencement.

M. W. TYRWHITT DRAKE.

Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase [illegible] acres of land situated and described as follows:

Commencing at S. E. corner of Section [illegible], Sooke District, thence due north 40 chains, thence due west [illegible] chains, thence due south [illegible] chains to N. E. corner of Section [illegible], thence [illegible] southeasterly along [illegible] to point of commencement.

R. E. JACKSON.

Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886.

C. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

Wednesday, Feb. 16, 11 a.m.

Furniture, &c.

I have been instructed to sell all the Furniture in the Lodging House over Smith's Cracker Bakery on Fort street.

The contents of Twelve Bedrooms, Sitting Rooms and Kitchen, consisting of Double & and Single Bedroom Suites, Blankets, Pillows, Walnut M. T. Bedroom Suite, Bed Lounge, Music Box, Carpets, Blinds, Lamps, Parlor Stoves, Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Crockery, Tinware, &c., &c.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Underwriters' Sale.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

Through JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

WHEAT

We have received instructions from CAPTAIN GORDON to sell by

Public Auction,

On the premises of the

HUDSON BAY COMPANY, AT ESQUIMALT,

ON

Tuesday, Feb. 15, 1887,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.;

For account of whom it may concern.

300 to 500 Tons OF WHEAT,

More or less damaged,

EX BARQUE "EDINBURGH,"

Now lying in Esquimalt Harbor, in distress, bound from Portland, Oregon, for Antwerp, Belgium.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Terms and Conditions of Sale.

CASH before delivery of bills.

BUYERS to pay all Customs Duties and remove the Wheat within five clear days after date of sale.

The Victoria Transfer Co. will have a "Herdic" leave Campbell's Corner at 10 o'clock on the morning of the Sale.

Durable,
Original,
Marvelous,
Excellent,
Simple,
Trusty,
Invincible,
Correct.

Satisfactory.
Everlasting,
Willing,
Improved,
Necessary,
Glorious.

Meritorious,
Appropriate,
Cheering,
Helpful,
Illustrious,
Needful,
Enchanting.

T. W. Fletcher

AGENT,

FORT STREET.

Knights of Labor.

THERE WILL BE A

Free Entertainment

Given by the above Society at

HARMONY HALL,

On Saturday Evening, Feb. 12.

Commencing at 8:00 sharp.

A good programme will be rendered, consisting of Songs, Recitations and Addresses, by Members of the Society.

TO LET.

'The Fashion'

Livery and Sale Stables,

FORT STREET

To let. Apply at Market Exchange Saloon, next door.

Hudson's Bay Company.

Large additions to the present Stock of Oilman's Stores, Wines and Liquors have been received ex "Hermine."

These Goods have been purchased on advantageous terms, and are now being offered at Low Prices.

Further supplies of General Merchandise are expected to arrive shortly, ex "Viola," "Huasquina," "Oban Bay," and "Titania."

REMOVAL.

Messrs. A. GREGG & SON,

Merchant Tailors,

Have Removed to the premises lately occupied by the Queen's Hotel, YATES STREET, where they hope to see all their old friends and Customers.

A New Stock of Imported Woollens

Just opened. An Inspection of our Stock is solicited. ☞ Satisfaction guaranteed or no sale. Terms Cash.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

Yates Street, - - - Opposite Langley.

Great Annual Discount Sale

OF

BOOTS & SHOES

COMMENCES THIS DAY AT THE

City Boot & Shoe Store

AND WILL LAST FOR FORTY DAYS.

☞ Now is your time. $29,000 worth in Stock, the whole to be cleared out to make room for Spring Goods.

G. H. MAYNARD, - - - Fort Street.

700

LADIES' STOCKING-KNIT JERSEYS,

From $1.75 to $3.25

GREAT BARGAINS!

FOR FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY.

CHEAP VARIETY STORE

DOUGLAS STREET.

Meeting of Electors.

A MEETING OF SUCH OF THE ELECTORS of the Electoral District of Victoria as are not in accord with the present Dominion Government will be held at

OLIVER'S ACADEMY HALL,

Denny's Block, Broad Street,

Opposite the Driard Hotel,

ON SATURDAY NEXT,

At 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of organizing

A Liberal Association.

Victoria, Feb. 8, 1887.

PUBLIC MEETINGS

Will be held as follows:

Victoria Theatre, Victoria Wednesday, Feb. 16, 7.30 p.m.

Blue Ribbon Hall, Esquimalt, Thursday, Feb. 17, 7.30 p.m.

School House, Cedar Hill, Friday, Feb. 18, 7.30 p.m.

Rowland's, Burnside Road, Saturday, Feb. 19, 7.30 p.m.

Parson's Bridge, Monday Feb. 21, 7.30 p.m.

Peat's, Colwood, Tuesday, Feb. 22, 7.30 p.m.

When Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare will be pleased to meet the voters of the Electoral District for the Commons, to give an account of their stewardship, and to discuss the political issues of the day.

All candidates for the Commons are respectfully invited to be present.

BAKER AND SHAKESPEARE.

Thursday, Feb. 10th, 1887.

Municipal Notice.

Hackmen, Expressmen and Draymen are hereby notified to obtain their Licences at the City Hall forthwith, or they will be proceeded against under the Bylaw.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.

City Hall, 5th February, 1887.

WARNING!

[illegible]

Brown's Patent Metallic and Rubber Weather Strips

[illegible]

COLD DRAFTS,

[illegible]

FRESH Baltimore Oysters,

BY EXPRESS, EVERY THREE DAYS, AT

R. Beauchamp's,

YATES STREET.

Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.